for the year if the trust:

du Canada

PERSONAL TRUST Use this form for 2002 and later taxation years to designate a property as a trust's principal residence. Also use it to calculate the capital gain

DESIGNATION OF A PROPERTY AS A PRINCIPAL RESIDENCE BY A

- · disposed of, or if we consider it to have disposed of, its principal residence or any part of it; or
- granted someone an option to buy the principal residence of the trust or any part of it.

If the trust disposed of, or if we consider it to have disposed of, a property for which the trust filed Form 94-115, Election to Report a Capital Gain on Property Owned by a Personal Trust at the End of February 22, 1994, use this form to calculate the capital gain if:

- the property was the trust's principal residence for 1994; or
- the trust is designating the property in this form as the trust's principal residence for any taxation year.

If the trust designated the property as its principal residence and filed Form 94-115 for that property, the trust may be entitled to a reduction as a result of the capital gains election. To calculate this reduction, use Form T1079-WS, Principal Residence Worksheet. You can get this form from our Web site at www.cra.gc.ca or by calling 1-800-959-2221.

Attach one copy of this form to the T3 Trust Income Tax and Information Return for the year in which the disposition or deemed disposition of the property, or the granting of an option to acquire the property, occurred. A deemed disposition occurs when you are considered to have disposed of property, even though you did not sell it.

ii the trust designated the prop	erty as its princi	•	•		e is no capital	gain.		
For the purpose of this form, December 31, 1971, whichever immediately reacquired the part of the trust designated previously designated taxatic	ver is later. Howe property as a res the property as i	ever, if the trust filed F cult of the election. its principal residence	which the trust last form 94-115, we	st acquired or reac do not consider th	ne trust to have	disposed		I
Description of designated pro	operty:							
I,(print nar residence for the following ta	me)	, designate the		bed above as havi	ing been the tru	ust's princ	ipal	
Α		(specify the taxation ye	ears after 1971 and be	efore 1982)				
В			axation years after 198					
I confirm that the trust did no any other property in the abothose years was the spouse beneficiary throughout the years under throughout those years under sisters who were under 18, u and not in a common-law relation to the confirm that no partner years the trust designated the	ove taxation year or common-law ear under a judic 18, unmarried, and nationship through	s as a principal reside partner of a specified ial separation or writte and not in a common ot in a common-law re hout the years the trus ion (other than a regis	ence: a specified beneficiary (who en separation agon-law relationship elationship, of a set designated the	beneficiary of the o was not separate reement); any chilo o; or the mother, fa specified beneficia e property as a prir	trust; a person ed and living ap d of a specified other, or any of ary who was un- ncipal residence	who throw part from the deficial the brothed der 18, under	ughout ne spec ary who ers or nmarrie	cified o was ed,
Name of trust		Address						
Date	Signature		Position or title		Account number		-	-
		Specified	l beneficiaries					
Name, address, and social in the designation (spouse or co	surance number mmon-law partr	of the specified bene ner, child, parent, brotl	ficiary and other her, or sister)	persons affected l	by	Years a	iffected signation	
Name Address				Social insuranc	ce number			
Name Address				Social insurance	ce number			

General Information

To qualify as the principal residence for a taxation year, the trust's property must be:

- a) a housing unit, a leasehold interest in a housing unit, or a share of the capital stock of a co-operative housing corporation that the trust acquired only for the right to inhabit a housing unit owned by the corporation:
- b) owned by the trust at any time in the taxation year, jointly with another person or otherwise (this includes sole ownership, joint tenancy, tenancy-in-common, and co-ownership (for example, in Quebec));
- a housing unit ordinarily inhabited by a specified beneficiary of the trust or by the current or former spouse, the current or former common-law partner, or a child of a specified beneficiary at any time in the calendar year which has ended in the taxation year of the trust; and
- d) designated as the trust's only principal residence for that taxation year.

A person referred to in c) above cannot designate another housing unit or leasehold interest. An exception to this is the spouse or common-law partner of the specified beneficiary who, throughout the year, lived apart from the beneficiary and separated from the beneficiary according to a judicial separation or written separation agreement. Another exception is a child of the specified beneficiary who was married, in a common-law relationship, or aged 18 or older.

For a specified beneficiary who, throughout the year, was under 18, unmarried, and not in a common-law relationship, no other property can be designated by his or her mother, father, or any of his or her brothers or sisters unless they were 18 or over, married, or in a common-law relationship in the year.

If the trust has made, or is making an election under subsection 45(2) or 45(3) of the *Income Tax Act*, it can designate the property to be its principal residence for up to four more years, even though the housing unit was not ordinarily inhabited during those years by one of the persons mentioned above. If the trust meets certain conditions, the four-year limitation can be extended indefinitely for taxation years in which the ordinarily inhabited rule was not met because the place of employment of either a specified beneficiary or the spouse or common-law partner of a specified beneficiary was relocated. For more information on these elections, see the *Capital Gains* guide.

If the trust distributed the property to a beneficiary on a subsection 107(2) rollover basis, in certain circumstances subsection 107(2.01) may allow the trust to elect to have disposed of the property at fair market value immediately before this distribution. This would allow the trust to use the principal residence exemption.

If a trust has distributed a property to a beneficiary on a subsection 107(2) rollover basis to satisfy all or any part of the beneficiary's capital interest in the trust, and if the beneficiary disposes of the property after May 9, 1985, to claim the principal residence exemption, the beneficiary is considered to have owned the property since the trust last acquired it. This deemed-ownership provision does not apply if a post-1971 spousal or common-law partner, joint spousal or common-law partner, or alter ego trust distributed the property to a person other than the relevant spouse, common-law partner, or settlor when the spouse, common-law partner, or settlor was alive or on the day that person died, if that day was after December 20, 1991.

For more information, see Interpretation Bulletin IT-120, *Principal Residence*, and the chapter called "Principal Residence" in the *Capital Gains* quide.

Definitions

Common-law partner – A common-law partner is a person of the same or opposite sex who is **not your spouse** (as defined below) with whom you live and have a relationship and to whom at least **one** of the following situations applies. He or she:

- is the natural or adoptive parent (legal or in fact) of your child;
- has been living with, and having a relationship with, you for at least 12 continuous months; or
- lived with you previously for at least 12 continuous months as your spouse or common-law partner.

Under proposed changes, the last condition will no longer exist. The effect of this proposed change is that a person (other than the parent of your child) will be your common-law partner only after your current relationship with that person has lasted at least 12 continuous months. This proposed change will apply to 2001 and later years once it becomes law. If this change will affect the trust's return for 2001 or 2002, contact us.

Reference to "12 continuous months" in this definition includes any period that you were separated for less than 90 days because of a breakdown in the relationship.

Specified beneficiary – A specified beneficiary of a trust for the year is a beneficiary who had a beneficial interest in the trust for the calendar year which has ended in the taxation year of the trust, and who ordinarily inhabited the housing unit or had a current or former spouse, a current or former common-law partner, or a child who ordinarily inhabited the housing unit in the calendar year which has ended in the taxation year of the trust. If the housing unit was not ordinarily inhabited by a particular beneficiary of a personal trust or by that beneficiary's current or former spouse, current or former common-law partner, or child, that beneficiary can nevertheless still fall within the definition of a "specified beneficiary" of the trust for a particular taxation year of the trust. This would be the case if, in the calendar year ending in the trust's taxation year, that beneficiary had a beneficial interest in the trust and also the trust was entitled to designate the property as its principal residence for the year by reason of a subsection 45(2) or 45(3) election.

If the trust was not a resident of Conada during the entire period it award the designated property, contact up at 4.900 OEC	-8281 The
If the trust was not a resident of Canada during the entire period it owned the designated property, contact us at 1-800-959 period of non-residence may reduce or eliminate the principal residence exemption.	7-0201. THE
Number of taxation years for which the trust designated the property as a principal residence: • Before 1982 (as designated on page 1) • After 1981 (as designated on page 1) Total number of years designated (line 1 plus line 2)	2
Number of taxation years ending after the acquisition date in which the trust owned the property (jointly with another person or otherwise): Before 1982	4
• After 1981 +	
Proceeds of disposition or deemed disposition Outlays and expenses related to the disposition	7 8
Adjusted cost base on the date of disposition (if the trust filed Form 94-115 for this property, do not consider any increase to the adjusted cost base as a result of that election)	
Adjusted cost base on December 31, 1981	10 11
Adjustments made after 1981 (for example, capital expenditures)	12

Calculating the capital gain

Adjusted cost base on the date of disposition (line 9)	14	
Outlays and expenses (line 8)		
Line 14 plus line 15	- ▶-	
Capital gain before principal residence exemption (line 13 minus line 16)	=	
Amount from line 17	 18	
Amount from line 3 plus 1 (an extra year is granted by law)	19	
Multiply line 18 by line 19	20	
Amount from line 6	21	
Divide line 20 by line 21	<u> </u>	

Part 2 -

Complete Part 2 only if the property the trust disposed of is one of two or more properties that qualify as principal residences that the trust owned on December 31, 1981, and continuously thereafter until the disposition, by members of a family unit as described in the definition of principal residence in section 54 of the Income Tax Act (members of a family unit usually include the specified beneficiary, his or her spouse or common-law partner, and any of their children). In all other cases, do not complete Part 2.

A. Pre-1982 gain Note: If the trust designated the property as a principal residence for all the years it owned it before 1982, enter "0" on line 32. Fair market value on December 31, 1981 (line 11) 24 Adjusted cost base on December 31, 1981 (line 10) 25 Pre-1982 gain before principal residence exemption (line 24 minus line 25) 26 Amount from line 26 ______ 27 Amount from line 1 plus 1 (an extra year is granted by law) Multiply line 27 by line 28 29 Amount from line 4 30 31 32

B. Post-1981 gain						
Note : If the trust designated the property as a principal residence for all the years the line 44 and complete area D below. If the fair market value of the property on Decembline 7, enter "0" on line 44 and complete areas C and D below.						
Proceeds of disposition or deemed disposition (line 7)			33			
Fair market value on December 31, 1981 (line 11)						
Adjustments made after 1981 (line 12)	· <u>+</u>					
Outlays and expenses (line 8)						
Add lines 34 to 36			37			
Post-1981 gain before principal residence exemption (line 33 minus line 37)	-		38			
Amount from line 38		39				
Amount from line 2	×	40				
Multiply line 39 by line 40	· =	41				
Amount from line 5	· -	42				
Divide line 41 by line 42	· -		43			
Divide line 41 by line 42 Post-1981 gain (line 38 minus line 43; if negative, enter "0")	· -	<u>=</u> =	43			
Fost-1901 gain (iiile 30 minus iiile 43, ii riegative, enter 0)		····· <u>-</u>	44			
C. Post-1981 loss						
			45			
Fair market value on December 31, 1981 (line 11)			45			
Proceeds of disposition or deemed disposition (line 7)			47			
Post-1981 loss (line 45 minus line 46; if negative, enter "0")		······ =	47			
D. Net capital gain from Part 2						
Pre-1982 gain, if any (line 32)		48				
Post-1981 gain, if any (line 44)		49				
		50				
Line 48 plus line 49	·· <u>-</u>					
Post-1981 loss, if any (line 47)	·· -	51	F0			
Net capital gain from Part 2 (line 50 minus line 51; if negative, enter "0")	<u>= </u>	F	52			
Part 3						
Net capital gain from Part 1 (line 23)		53				
Net capital gain from Part 2 (line 52)		54				
Total capital gain (if you completed Part 2, enter the amount from line 53 or line						
Otherwise, enter the amount from line 23 in Part 1)			55			
Part 4						
Complete Part 4 only if the trust filed Form 94-115 for this property. In all other case line 58.	s , enter the amo	ount from line 55 abov	e on			
Total capital gain before reduction (line 55)			56			
	Reduction as a result of the capital gains election (line 67 of Form T1079-WS)5					
Capital gain (line 56 minus line 57; if negative, enter "0")			58			
Enter the amount from line 58 above on line 6 of T3 Schedule 1, Dispositions of Capit						
Summary of Deemed Realizations.	iai Froperty, of II	ne 0 01 F01111 1 1055,				

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