- For use by a taxpayer and a taxable Canadian corporation to jointly elect under subsection 85(1) where the taxpayer has disposed of eligible property within the meaning of subsection 85(1.1) to the corporation and has received as consideration shares of any class in that corporation.
- File one completed copy of the election and related schedules (if any) as follows:

1-a) one copy by the transferor, or
b) two or more copies if two or more transferors elect regarding the transfer of the same property (co-ownership), or two or more members of the same partnership elect for the transfer of their partnership interests. In these situations, one transferor designated for the purpose should file simultaneously one copy for each transferor, together with a list of all transferors electing. This list should contain the address and Social insurance number or Business Number of each transferor;
2 - on or before the earlier date on which any one of the parties to the election is required to file an income tax return for the taxation year in which the transaction occurred, taking into consideration any election under subsection 99(2) (due date);
3 - at the tax centre where the transferor's income tax return is normally filed. Where two or more co-owners or members of a partnership referred to above elect, the elections will be processed in bulk and should be filed at the tax centre of the transferee; and
4- separate from any tax returns. You may put it in the same envelope with a return, but do not insert it in or attach it to the return.

- Sections and subsections referred to on this form are from the Income Tax Act.


| Name of co-owner(s), if any (if more than one, attach schedule giving similar details) (print) |  | Social insurance number |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Address | Postal code | Tax services office |


| Name of corporation (transferee) (print) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Business Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Address |  |  |  |  |  |  | Postal code |  |
| Taxation year of corporation for the period from | Year | Month  <br> $\perp$ Day | to | Year | Month | Day | Tax services office |  |
| Name of person to contact for additional information |  |  |  |  |  |  | Area code | Telephone number |

## Penalty for late-filed and amended elections

An election that is filed after its due date is subject to a late-filing penalty. Form T2057 can be filed within 3 years after its due date if an estimate of the penalty is paid at the time of filing. Form T2057 can also be amended or filed after the 3-year period, but in these situations, a written explanation of the reason for why the election is amended or late-filed must be attached for consideration by the Minister and an estimate of the applicable penalty must be paid at the time of submission.
Calculation of late-filing penalty:
Fair market value of property transferred


Amount A_ $\quad 1 / 4 \times 1 \% \times N^{*} \ldots \ldots=1 .$.
$\$ 100 \times \mathrm{N}^{*} \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots$

* N represents the sum of each month or each part of a month in the period from the due date to the actual filing date. Amount C cannot exceed $\$ 8,000$.


## Late-filing penalty is the lesser of $B$ and $C$ above

Make cheque or money order payable to the Receiver General. Specify "T2057" on the remittance and, to ensure proper credit, indicate the name and social insurance number of the taxpayer, or Business Number if a corporation.

## Amount enclosed

Unpaid amounts including late-filing penalties are subject to daily compound interest, at a prescribed rate.

## Information required

On the following page, list, describe, and state the fair market value of transferred properties. The description and fair market value of the consideration received has to be shown opposite the related property transferred. Where the transferred property is a partnership interest, attach a schedule of the calculation of the adjusted cost base. If space on the form is insufficient, attach schedules giving similar details. You have to designate the order of disposition of each depreciable property. With this election you do not have to file the following materials: schedules supporting this designation, documentation relating to the responses to the questions below, and a brief summary of the method of evaluating the fair market value of each property transferred. However you have to keep them as the Canada Revenue Agency may ask to see them at a later date.
1 - Is there a written agreement relating to this transfer? $\qquad$ no
2 - Does a price adjustment clause apply to any of the properties? (See the Interpretation Bulletin IT-169 for details.)no
3 - Do any persons other than the taxpayer own or control directly or indirectly any shares of any class of the transferree?
no
4 - Does a non-arm's length rollover exist between 2 or more corporations?yes no
a) Have all or substantially all ( $90 \%$ or more) of all the properties of the corporation(s) been transferred to the transferee corporation?yes no
5 - Is the taxpayer a non-resident of Canada?yesno
6 - Are any of the properties transferred capital properties?yes


If yes,
a) have they been owned continuously since Valuation-Day (V-Day)?yes

b) have they been acquired after V-Day in a transaction considered not to be at arm's length? ye no
c) since V-Day, has the taxpayer or any person from whom shares were acquired in a non-arm's length transaction received any subsection 83(1) dividends for transferred shares? (If yes, provide details of amounts and dates received and attach a schedule.)no
7 - Is the agreed amount of any of the transferred properties based on an estimate of fair market value on V-Day?

a) If yes, does a formal documented V-Day value report exist?
yes
no
8 - Has an election under subsection 26(7) of the Income Tax Application Rules (Form T2076) been filed by or on behalf of the taxpayer?
yes no

Where shares of the capital stock of a private corporation are included in the property disposed of, provide the following:

| Name of corporation (print) | Business Number | Paid-up capital of shares transferred |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

Description of shares received

| Number of shares transferor received | Class of shares | Redemption value per share | Paid-up capital | Voting or non-voting | Are shares retractable? * |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | $\square$ yes $\square$ no |
|  |  |  |  |  | $\square$ yes $\square$ no |
|  |  |  |  |  | $\square$ yes $\quad \square$ no |
|  |  |  |  |  | $\square$ yes $\quad \square$ no |
|  |  |  |  |  | $\square$ yes $\quad \square \mathrm{no}$ |

* Retractable means redeemable at the option of the holder.


## Informative notes

- The rules for section 85 elections are complex. Essential information is contained in Information Circular, IC76-19 and Interpretation Bulletins, IT-169, IT-291, and IT-378.
- Complete all the information areas and answer all questions. If this form is incomplete, the Canada Revenue Agency may consider the election invalid, and subsequent submissions may be subject to a late-filing penalty.
- If the agreed amount exceeds the adjusted cost base of the property in the election, you must report the difference as a capital gain, as income or a combination of both, whichever applies.


Note 1: Adjusted cost base (which is subject to adjustment per section 53).
Note 2: The lesser of undepreciated capital cost of all property of the class and the cost of the property.
Note 3: The lesser of $4 / 3 \times$ cumulative eligible capital and the cost of the property. (New rules will apply on subsequent dispositions of eligible capital property occurring after December 20, 2002).

Note 4: This amount is to be reported either as a capital gain or as income, whichever applies. Also, in the case of depreciable property or eligible capital property, a portion of the amount may have to be reported as a capital gain while another portion may have to be reported as income.
*Refer to current Interpretation Bulletin IT-291 for more information on eligible property and an explanation of the limits.

## Election and Certification

The taxpayer and corporation hereby jointly elect under subsection $85(1)$ in respect of the property specified, and certify that the information given in this election, and in any documents attached, is to the best of their knowledge, correct and complete.

Signature of Transferor, of Authorized Officer or Authorized Person*
and

$\qquad$ *Attach a copy of authorizing agreement

