SCHEDULE 35

Code 0603

(2006 and later tax years)

PART I.3 TAX ON LARGE INSURANCE CORPORATIONS

Name of corporation	Business Number			Ta	ах уе	ar-end	ı		
		1	Yea	r	ı	Mon	ıth	Day	

- File this schedule if the total taxable capital employed in Canada of the insurance corporation and its related corporations is greater than \$10,000,000.
- Even if there is no Part I.3 tax payable for the days in the tax year that are after 2005, you must still complete this schedule (except parts 5 and 9).
- Parts, sections, subsections, paragraphs, subparagraphs, clauses, and subclauses referred to on this schedule are from the Income Tax Act and the Income Tax Regulations.
- Subsection 181(1) defines the terms "financial institution," "long-term debt," and "reserves."
- Subsection 181(3) provides the basis to determine the carrying value of a corporation's assets or any other amount under Part I.3 for its capital, investment allowance, taxable capital, or taxable capital employed in Canada, or for a partnership in which it has an interest.
- No Part I.3 tax is payable for a tax year by a corporation that was:

 - bankrupt [as defined by subsection 128(3)] at the end of the year; a deposit insurance corporation throughout the year, as defined by subsection 137.1(5), or deemed to be a deposit insurance corporation by subsection 137.1(5.1):

 - exempt from tax under section 149 throughout the year on all of its taxable income; neither resident in Canada nor carrying on a business through a permanent establishment in Canada at any time in the year; or a corporation described in subsection 136(2) throughout the year, the principal business of which was marketing (including any related processing) natural products belonging to or acquired from its members or customers.
- File a completed copy of Schedule 35 with the T2 Corporation Income Tax Return no later than six months from the end of the tax year.
- . This schedule may contain changes that had not yet become law at the time of printing.

Part 1 – Capital			
To be completed by an insurance corporation that was re and carried on a life insurance business		time in the year	
Add the following amounts at the end of the year:	400		
Long-term debt	102		
Capital stock (or members' contributions if an insurance corporation incorporated without share capital)	103		
Retained earnings	104		
Contributed surplus	105		
Any other surpluses	106		_
	Subtotal	>	A
Deduct the following amounts:	777		
Deferred tax debit balance at the end of the year			
Any deficit deducted in computing its shareholders' equity (including, for this purpos amount of any provision for the redemption of preferred shares) at the end of the ye			
	Subtotal		B
Capital for the year (amount A minus amount B) (if negative, enter "0")		190	
and throughout the year did not carry on a Reserves that were not deducted in computing income under Part I for the year* Add the following amounts at the end of the year: Long-term debt	201		
Capital stock (or members' contributions if an insurance corporation incorporated without share capital)	203 204		
Retained earnings			
Contributed surplus	205		
Any other surpluses	206		
	Subtotal	>	C
Deduct the following amounts:	-		
Deferred tax debit balance at the end of the year			
Any deficit deducted in computing its shareholders' equity (including, for this purpos amount of any provision for the redemption of preferred shares) at the end of the ye			
The total amount of its deferred acquisition expenses for its property and casualty insurance business in Canada, as long as it can reasonably be attributed to an amo included in the amount determined at line 201 above			
	Subtotal	_	D
Capital for the year (amount C minus amount D) (if negative, enter "0")		290	
* The amount at line 201 should be net of any amount recoverable through reinsurance,	, according to subparagra	aph 181.3(3)(c)(vii).	

— Part 1 – Capital (continued) ————————————————————————————————————		
To be completed by an insurance corporation that was a nor and carried on an insurance business in Cana		out the year
A) The amount, if any, by which the corporation's surplus funds derived from operations [as defined in su payable under Part I.3 or Part VI for the year, exceed the total of all amounts, each of which is:	bsection 138(12)] at the end of the ye	ear, computed as if no tax were
 i) an amount on which it was required to pay, or would but for subsection 219(5.2) have been required any, of the amount on which tax was payable, or would have been payable, because of subparaging an amount on which it was required to pay, or would but for subsection 219(5.2) have been required transfer of an insurance business to which subsection 138(11.5) or (11.92) has applied. 	raph 219(4)(a)(i.1); and	
Surplus funds from operations, as adjusted		
B) The corporation's attributed surplus for the year	_	
The greater of the amounts on lines 301 and 302	<u></u>	<u>-</u>
Any other surpluses relating to insurance businesses carried on in Canada	303	-
Long-term debt that may reasonably be regarded as relating to insurance businesses carried on in Canada	304	▶ E
Add the amount by which:	Subtotal	· ——
Reserves for the year (other than reserves for amounts payable out of segregated funds) that may reasonably be regarded as having been established for insurance businesses carried on in Canada*	331	-
Exceed the total of the following amounts:		
Amounts included at line 331 above [other than a reserve described in subparagraph 138(3)(a)(i)] and deducted in computing income under Part I for the year	_	
Amounts included at line 331 above and deductible under subparagraph 138(3)(a)(i) in computing income under Part I for the year	_	
Amounts deducted in computing line 342 above that were outstanding (including any accrued interest) as at the end of the year for a policy loan [within the meaning of subsection 138(12)] made by the corporation	_	
Deferred acquisition expenses for its property and casualty insurance business in Canada, as long as it can reasonably be attributed to an amount included at line 331 above	_	
Total deductions (add lines 341, 342, 343, and 344)	 	F
Difference (line 331 minus amount F) (if negative, enter "0")	·····	GG
Capital for the year (amount E plus amount G)		390
* The amount at line 331 should be net of any amount recoverable through reinsurance, acc	cording to clause 181.3(3)(d)(iv)	(F).
— Part 2 – Investment allowance		
Add the carrying value at the end of the year of the following eligible investments of the insu	rance corporation that are non-	segregated property within the
meaning assigned by subsection 138(12): All shares of the capital stock of related financial institutions		401
All long-term debts of related financial institutions		
Investment allowance for the year		490
Notes:		
 A share of the capital stock or long-term debt of another financial institution (including a to be excluded from the value of any eligible investment determined above. 	nother insurance corporation) th	at is exempt from Part I.3 tax is
2) The eligible investments of the insurance corporation should include only those of related the proceeds of the share or debt in a business carried on by the related financial institution.		
3) In the case of an insurance corporation that was a non-resident of Canada throughout the or held by the corporation in the year in the course of carrying on an insurance business.		should include only those used
— Part 3 – Taxable capital		
Capital for the year (line 190, 290, or 390, whichever applies)		н
Deduct: Investment allowance for the year (line 490)		
Taxable capital for the year (amount H minus amount I) (if negative, enter "0")		
		

Part 4 – Taxable capital employed in Canada		
The total of all amounts each of which is the carrying value at the end of the year of an asset (other than property held by the institution primarily for the purpose of resale that was acquired by the financial institution in the year or the precedax year as a consequence of another person's default, or anticipated default, for a debt owed to the institution) that is tangible, or for civil law corporeal, property used in Canada and that is non-segregated property within the meaning assist by subsection 138(12)	-	
Add: Where the insurance corporation has an interest in a partnership at the end of the year, its proportion of the total of all amounts, each of which is the carrying value of an asset of the partnership that is tangible, or for civil law corporeal,		
property used in Canada	512Subtotal	J
To be completed by an insurance corporation that was resident in Canada at any time in and carried on a life insurance business at any time in the year	i the year	
Amount J above	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	J
Taxable capital for the year (line 500)		
Add: Total of amounts described in subclause 181.3(1)(c)(ii)(A)(II) (amount LL, page 6) 521		
Subtotal Deduct: Total of amounts described in subclause 181.3(1)(c)(ii)(A)(III) (amount MM, page 6) 525		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	- ▶	К
Canadian reserve liabilities at year-end	522	L
Total reserve liabilities at year-end		M
Total of amounts described in subclause 181.3(1)(c)(ii)(A)(V) (amount NN, page 6)		N
Proportion of capital over reserve liabilities = (K x L) ÷ (M + N)		0
Add the amount by which:	<u> </u>	
Reserves for the year (other than reserves for amounts payable out of segregated funds) that may reasonably be regarded as having been established for insurance		
businesses carried on in Canada		
Exceed the total of the following amounts:		
Amounts included at line 531 above [other than a reserve described in subparagraph 138(3)(a)(i)] and deducted in computing income under Part I for the year		
Amounts included at line 531 above and deductible under subparagraph 138(3)(a)(i) in computing income under Part I for the year		
Amounts deducted in computing line 542 above that were outstanding (including any accrued interest) as at the end of the year for a policy loan [within the meaning of subsection 138(12)] made by the corporation		
Total deductions (add lines 541, 542, and 543)	P	
Difference (line 531 minus amount P) (if negative, enter "0")	<u> </u>	Q
Taxable capital employed in Canada (amount J plus amount O plus amount Q)	590	
To be completed by an insurance corporation that was resident in Canada at any time	in the year	
and throughout the year did not carry on a life insurance business Amount J above		J
Taxable capital for		_
the year (line 500) X Canadian premiums for the year Total premiums for the year 611 612	= 650	R
Taxable capital employed in Canada (amount J plus amount R)	690	
To be completed by an insurance corporation that was a non-resident of Canada through	nout the year	
and carried on an insurance business in Canada at any time in the year		
Amount J above		J
Taxable capital for the year (line 500)		s
Taxable capital employed in Canada (amount J plus amount S)		

lete this part.	If the tax year starts after 2005, do not comp
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(line 590, 690, or 790, whichever applies)
	or the year (enter \$50,000,000 or, for related corporations hedule 36)
 811	n Canada over capital deduction
 x 0.002 =	
	Number of days in the tax year
 x 0.00175 =	x Number of days in the tax year in 2005 Number of days in the tax year
Subtotal (add amounts T and U)	d to 0% for the days in the tax year
L2 tay as follows:	a lose than 51 weeks, calculate the amount of gross Dort
I.3 tax as follows:	s less than 51 weeks, calculate the amount of gross Part
	x Number of days in the year () =
	-
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820	x Number of days in the year () =
820	x Number of days in the year () = 365 whichever applies)
820	x Number of days in the year () = 365 whichever applies)
820	x Number of days in the year () = 365 whichever applies)
 credit x 1/5 =	x Number of days in the year () = 365 whichever applies)
	x Number of days in the year () = 365 whichever applies)
 credit x 1/5 = amount BB) (if negative, enter "0")	x Number of days in the year () = 365 whichever applies)
credit x 1/5 = amount BB) (if negative, enter "0")	x Number of days in the year () = 365 whichever applies)

— Part 7 – Calculation of current-year surtax credit available	
 Corporations can claim a credit against their Part 1.3 tax for the amount of Canadian surtax payable for the year. This is called the Any unused surtax credit can be carried back three years or carried forward seven years. Unused surtax credits must be applied the oldest first. 	
 Refer to subsection 181.1(7) when calculating the amount deductible for a corporation's unused surtax credits where control of the been acquired between the year in which the credits arose and the year in which you want to claim them. 	ne corporation has
For an insurance corporation that was a non-resident of Canada throughout the year or for a company that carried on a life insurance any time in the year, enter amount a or b at line FF, whichever is less:	ce business at
a) line 600 from the T2 return a b) line 700 from the T2 return b	FF
In any other case, enter amount c or d at line GG, whichever is less:	
c) line 600 from the T2 return x _line 650 of this schedule = c	
line 500 of this schedule	
d) line 700 from the T2 return d	GG
Current-year surtax credit available – (amount FF or GG, whichever applies)	
— Part 8 – Calculation of current-year unused surtax credit —	
Current-year surtax credit available (line 830)	
Deduct: Gross Part I.3 tax for purposes of the unused surtax credit (line 821 of this schedule)	LILI
A life insurance corporation that carried on business in Canada in the year must calculate amount II below. All other insurance corporations should skip to line 850 below.	
Part I tax payable (line 700 of the T2 return)	
Deduct:	
Gross Part VI tax:	
• for the days in the tax year before July 1, 2006 (line UU from Schedule 38)	
for the days in the tax year after June 30, 2006 (line VV from Schedule 38)	
Subtotal	
Net amount (if negative, enter "0")	II
Current-year unused surtax credit (For a life insurance corporation that carried on business in Canada in the year,	
enter amount HH or II, whichever is less. For other insurance corporations, enter amount HH.)	
Enter this amount at line 600 of Schedule 37.	
— Part 9 – Calculation of net Part I.3 tax payable ————————————————————————————————————	
If the tax year starts after 2005, do not complete this part.	
Gross Part I.3 tax (line 820)	JJ
Deduct:	
Current-year surtax credit applied (line 820 or 830, whichever is less)	
Unused surtax credit from previous years applied (amount from line 320 on Schedule 37) Subtotal (connect avoiced amount on line 320)	KK
Subtotal (cannot exceed amount on line 820)	
Net Part I.3 tax payable (amount JJ minus amount KK) Enter this amount at line 704 of the T2 return.	
Part 10 – Calculation of gross Part I.3 tax for purposes of the small business deduction	
This part is applicable only to corporations that are not associated in the current year, but were associated in the prior year	ır.
Taxable capital employed in Canada (line 590, 690 or 790, whichever applies)	LL
Deduct:	
Capital deduction claimed for the year (enter \$10,000,000)	MM NN
Excess (amount LL minus amount MM) (if negative, enter "0")	
Gross Part I.3 tax for purposes of the small business deduction (Amount NN x 0.00225)	00

Complete the following tables to determine the amounts to use on page 3 to calculate the taxable capital employed in Canada of a Canadian resident corporation that carried on a life insurance business.

_	Fable 1							
	(1)	(2)	(3)	3)	(4)	(2)	(9)	(7)
	Name of foreign insurance subsidiary	Capital of foreign insurance subsidiary per Regulation 8605(1)(a) (from column 9 in table 2)		Capital stock and long-term debt invested in the subsidiary per Regulation 8605(1)(b)	Any additional surplus contributed into the subsidiary per Regulation 8605(1)(c)	Amounts to be included in subclause 181.3(1)(c)(ii)(A)(II) Columns (2) - [(3)+(4)]	Amounts to be included in subclause 181.3(1)(c)(ii)(A)(III) Columns [(3)+(4)] - (2)	Reserve liabilities per Regulation 8605(3) to be included in subclause 181.3(1)(c)(ii)(A)(V)
			Capital stock	Long-term debt				
-								
2								
ю.								
4								
c)								
9								
7.								
ω								

				Totals				
				•	(enter on page 3)	(enter on page 3)	-	(enter on page 3)
able 2								
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(2)	(9)	(7)	(8)	(6)
Name of foreign insurance subsidiary	Long-term debt	Capital stock or members' contributions	Retained earnings	Sarpluses	Subtotal (2)+(3)+(4)+(5)	Deferred tax debit balance	Deficit deducted in computing shareholder's equity	Capital (6) - [(7)+(8)] enter in column 2 of table 1 above

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Notes

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- 1) Do not use the equity or consolidation method of accounting.
- 2) Include, in column 3 of table 1, the carrying value to its owner of the share of capital stock or long-term debt.
 - The amount in column 5 and the amount in column 6 of table 1, for each subsidiary, cannot be less than zero. 3
- 4) The amounts in column 7 of table 1 are those that would be reported by the foreign insurance subsidiary for that year if it had to report to the Office of the Superintendent of Financial Institutions (OSFI). All other amounts are those that would be reported by the foreign insurance subsidiary, if it were to prepare financial statements in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP).