

## **T5008 Guide – Return of Securities Transactions**



## Before you start

This guide explains how to prepare a T5008 return of securities transactions.

This guide does not deal with every tax situation. For a list of publications that explain situations in more detail, see page 25. If you need more help after reading this guide, call us at **1-800-959-5525**. If your problem cannot be resolved through normal channels, you should get in touch with the Problem Resolution Program co-ordinator at your tax services office.

The address and telephone numbers are listed in the government section of your telephone book.

You can order the publications you need, as well as blank copies of T5008 slips, from our Web site or by telephone. Complete the order form at **www.cra.gc.ca/orderforms** or call **1-800-959-2221**.

See the glossary on page 28 for definitions of technical expressions.

## **Electronic mailing lists**

We can notify you immediately about new information on payroll, electronic filing for businesses and more. To subscribe, free of charge, visit our Web site at www.cra.gc.ca/lists.

## What's new?

#### Securities Transactions – New publication

You will get detailed information on securities transactions for the T5008 information return filing requirements in the new publication RC4268, *Handbook on Securities Transactions* – *A Summary of the Reporting Requirements Under the Income Tax Regulations*. It will be available on our Web site in electronic format only, in January 2008.

#### Cancellation of T5008 Summary mailout

As part of our continuing efforts towards sustainable development, we cancelled the mailout of the T5008 Summary for the 2007 and subsequent years.

#### Changes on the T5008 Summary

We removed from the form the box "If this is an amended T5008 Summary, enter "X" here."

#### **Definition of proceeds**

We added the definition of proceeds. For more information, see "What are proceeds?" on page 4.

## Examples of computer-printed (customized) T5008 slips

The guide now has two examples of customized T5008 slips that are acceptable alternatives to the CRA issued forms. For more information, see "Computer-printed (customized) forms" on page 6 and the examples of samples on page 24.

#### **Expanded Electronic Filing Services**

As part of our commitment to expand electronic filing services, Internet file transfer (XML) now allows you to transmit a return with **1 to 3,500 slips (up to 5 MB)** of the following information return types: AGR-1, NR4, T3, T4, T4A, T4A-NR, T1204, T4RIF, T4RSP, T5, T5007, T5008, T5018, T4A(OAS), T4A(P), T4E, RRSP contribution return, and T215. For more information, see "Internet file transfer" on page 6.

If you have a visual impairment, you can get our publications in braille, large print, or etext (CD or diskette), or on audio cassette or MP3. For details, visit our Web site at **www.cra.gc.ca/alternate** or call **1-800-959-2221**.

## **Confidentiality of information**

Under the *Privacy Act*, the information you provide on the T5008 information return and related forms can be used only for the purposes authorized by law.

### Income Tax Act references

In this guide, unless otherwise noted, all legislative references are to the *Income Tax Act* and *Income Tax Regulations*.

La version française de ce guide est intitulée Guide T5008 – Déclaration des opérations sur titres.

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# Chapter 1 – Who should use this guide?

Traders or dealers in securities have to file a T5008 information return to report purchases of securities as principal for their own account, and sales of securities they make as an agent or nominee, for any vendor. Issuers of securities and their agents or nominees use this information return to report redemptions, acquisitions, or cancellations of securities. You have to report transactions to all persons, including individuals, corporations, partnerships, trusts, or any other person who resides either in or outside Canada.

You have to report all security transactions falling under any section of the *Income Tax Act* not specifically excluded under subsection 230(3) of the *Income Tax Regulations*, even if no tax arises as a result of the transaction. For example, transactions undertaken pursuant to section 85 and section 85.1 of the *Income Tax Act* are not exempt from the requirement to report.

You must also use the T5008 information return to report dispositions or redemptions of debt obligations in bearer form by individuals resident in Canada. Debt obligations in bearer form include commercial paper and banker's acceptances.

#### Note

We have developed flowcharts to help you determine the reporting requirements. See page 13.

## What are securities?

For the purpose of completing the T5008 information return, securities mean:

- publicly traded shares of the capital stock of a corporation;
- publicly traded debt obligations;
- debt obligations of, or guaranteed by:
  - the Government of Canada (such as treasury bills);
  - the government of a province or territory or its agents;
  - a municipality in Canada;
  - a municipal or public body performing a function of government in Canada; or
  - the government of a foreign country or a political subdivision of a foreign country, including a local authority of such a government;
- publicly traded interests in a partnership or a trust;
- any option or contract for any of the properties listed above;
- publicly traded options or contracts for any property including any commodity;
- publicly traded options or contracts for financial futures, foreign currency, or precious metal; and
- publicly traded options or contracts for any index relating to any property.

## What are proceeds?

Proceeds is a term used to describe the amount that arises as the result of a sale, disposition, deemed disposition, redemption, acquisition, or cancellation of securities, or an exchange or conversion of property. The term does not mean only cash or money. For the purposes of *Regulation* 230, it means the fair market value and includes all consideration, such as cash, debt obligations, shares, etc. that is paid or payable to the transferor.

## Who has to file a T5008 information return?

The following persons have to file a T5008 information return:

- every trader or dealer in securities who buys a security as principal (for their own account) or sells a security as an agent or nominee for any vendor;
- every person in the business of buying and selling precious metals in the form of certificates, bullion, or coins who makes a payment to another person for a sale of precious metals by that other person;
- every person who, as a nominee or agent for another person, receives the proceeds of a sale or other transaction carried out in the name of the nominee or agent;
- every person who makes a payment to, or acts as a nominee or agent for, an individual resident in Canada in respect of the disposition or redemption of a debt obligation in bearer form; and
- every person (other than an individual who is not a trust) who acquires, redeems, or cancels a security issued by that same person, **except** when the transactions involve the following:
  - exchanges of shares for new shares in the course of a reorganization of the capital of a corporation (section 86), if no consideration other than the new shares is receivable;
  - securities disposed of when a partnership ends [subsection 98(3)];
  - securities transferred when a new partnership is formed from a predecessor partnership [subsection 98(6)];
  - convertible property (section 51), that is, when a corporation's shares, bonds, debentures, or notes are exchanged for shares of the same corporation and no consideration other than the new shares is receivable;
  - redemptions, cancellations, or acquisitions of securities made during an amalgamation (section 87); or
  - exchange of capital property that is a convertible debt obligation for another debt obligation pursuant to section 51.1.

#### Note

If cash or some other consideration totalling \$200 or less is received instead of a fractional interest in shares during an exchange to which section 51 or 87 applies, you do not need to report the transaction. If the cash or other consideration is more than \$200, you have to report the entire exchange transaction. For more information, see Interpretation Bulletin IT-115, *Fractional Interest in Shares*.

## When don't you have to file a T5008 information return?

You do not need to file a T5008 information return for:

- a purchase of a security by one trader or dealer in securities from another, other than a non-resident trader or dealer in securities;
- a sale of a security by a trader or dealer in securities for another trader or dealer in securities;
- a sale of currencies or precious metals in the form of jewellery, works of art, or numismatic coins;
- a sale of precious metals if you ordinarily produce or sell precious metals in bulk or commercial quantities;
- a redemption, acquisition, or cancellation of a debt obligation by the issuer or agent when:
  - the debt obligation was issued for its principal amount;
  - the redemption, acquisition, or cancellation satisfies all of the issuer's obligations;
  - there are no disproportionate payments of principal and interest to any person with an interest in the debt obligation; and
  - an information return other than a T5008 information return is required as a result of the redemption, acquisition, or cancellation;
- a sale of securities by a trader or dealer in securities on behalf of a person who is exempt from tax under section 149 (for example, municipalities, registered charities, non-profit organizations, and registered retirement savings plans);
- transactions reported under section 202 or 204 of the Income Tax Regulations;
- a deemed disposition of a security; or
- the expiry or exercise of an option, right, or warrant.

#### Example

A client of a trader or dealer in securities owns an option to buy publicly traded shares in XYZ Corporation. If the trader or dealer buys the option from the client or sells the option to a third party for the client, the trader has to prepare a T5008 information return to reflect the transaction. However, if the client exercises the option and acquires the shares of XYZ Corporation, or if the option is allowed to expire, the trader does not have to file a T5008 information return.

## Are you acting as a trustee?

Publicly traded interests in a trust are securities and can be issued in the form of units or shares. The trust, as issuer of these interests, has to report the redemption, acquisition, or cancellation of the units or shares to the beneficial owner. If a trustee acts for the trust, the trustee must report these transactions.

You have to report income realized by a trust and distributed to its beneficiaries on a T3 slip, *Statement of Trust Income Allocations and Designations*. This income is gained by holding an interest in the trust, and it is different from the proceeds received from the disposition of those interests.

# Chapter 2 – The T5008 information return

### **General information**

**T5008 slip** – Use this slip to report one transaction (or more than one transaction involving identical securities for the same client) you made for a person. There are three slips printed on each T5008 sheet.

For information on how to complete the T5008 slip, see Chapter 5 on page 7. For a sample of the slip, see page 22.

**T5008 Summary** – Use this form to total all the proceeds of disposition or settlement amounts you report on the related T5008 slips.

You have to prepare a **separate** T5008 Summary when a beneficial owner claims previously unclaimed proceeds of disposition for securities transactions. For more details about unclaimed proceeds of disposition, see page 12.

For information on how to complete the T5008 Summary, see "Completing the T5008 Summary" on page 10. For a sample of the form, see page 23.

## **Chapter 3 – Filing requirements**

#### Due date

You have to file your T5008 information return before March 1 after the calendar year for which you are preparing it.

If you discontinue your business or activity, you have to file a return for the year or part of the year no later than 30 days after the date the business or activity ended.

Send the recipients' copies of the T5008 slips to their last known address or deliver them in person. You have to do this on or before the day you have to file the T5008 information return.

## **Filing electronically**

If you file from **1 to 500** information slips, we encourage you to file in eXtensible Markup Language (XML) format by Internet file transfer. You will get immediate confirmation that we received your information return.

If you file **more than 500** information slips, you **must** file the return electronically in eXtensible Markup Language (XML) format.

If you file **501 to 3,500** slips, file by Internet file transfer or on electronic media.

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#### Electronic media

You **have to** file your information return on DVD, CD, or diskette using eXtensible Markup Language (XML) format if you (or a representative) file **more than 3,500** information slips.

If you are filing 3,500 slips or less, see "Internet file transfer" below.

If you file your information return on electronic media, **do not** send us the paper copy of the forms that make up the return.

For more information about this method of filing, visit our Web site at **www.cra.gc.ca/electronicmedia** or call **1-800-665-5164**.

If you prefer, you can write to:

Electronic Media Processing Unit Ottawa Technology Centre Canada Revenue Agency 875 Heron Road Ottawa ON K1A 1A2

#### Note

You may need to correct information you originally filed on electronic media. If so, visit our Web site at **www.cra.gc.ca/electronicmedia** for more information on corrections to data filed on electronic media. For more information, see "Amending your T5008 slips" on page 10.

#### Internet file transfer

Internet file transfer (XML) lets you transmit a return with **1 to 3,500 slips (up to 5 MB)**.

To use this Internet filing service, you need a Web access code (WAC). The returns must be in the mandatory eXtensible Markup Language (XML) format and must conform to our specifications found at www.cra.gc.ca/file-xml.

For filers who filed information returns last year using electronic media or Internet file transfer, we will send you a letter in December with your account number and associated WAC. If you did not file electronically last year or if you did not receive your letter, call us at **1-877-322-7849** to get a WAC.

## Filing on paper

You can file on paper if you file 1 to 500 information slips.

To help us process your paper information returns more efficiently, prepare the T5008 slips and Summary according to the following instructions:

■ Use the current versions of the T5008 slips, and T5008 Summary. You can order all the forms you need from our Web site at **www.cra.gc.ca/orderforms**, or by calling **1-800-959-2221**.

- Use the "VOID" box to cancel T5008 slips that you may have incorrectly completed.
- Do not tape, tear, stamp, or staple any of the T5008 forms.
- Complete financial fields in dollars only (do not report cents). Use a comma to separate thousands. Do not use dollar signs (\$) or spaces. For example, you would enter 3,456 to indicate \$3,456.08.
- When no entry is required, leave boxes and areas blank. Do not enter "nil", "N/A", dashes (-), or zeros in these empty boxes.
- Do not change the title of any box or area on the forms.
- Enter an "X" in the boxes that need one. Do not use any other mark (for example, "✓" or "–").

Report information only in the appropriate box or area provided. If you are not sure where to enter the information, call us at **1-800-959-5525**.

## Computer-printed (customized) forms

You can submit T5008 slips to your clients on customized forms.

However, **we must pre-approve these customized forms**. We will review your proposed draft and issue an approval number before you can use the customized version.

Your form must contain the information from the back of the CRA's T5008 slip.

For two examples of customized T5008 slips that are acceptable alternatives to the CRA issued forms, see page 24. Example 1 is a sample of a customized T5008 slip that you could use to report more than one transaction to an investor for the year, in the same currency. Example 2 is a sample of a customized T5008 slip that you could use to report a single transaction.

To get our written approval, send samples of your proposed computer-printed slips to:

Information Returns Development Section Canada Revenue Agency 750 Heron Road Ottawa ON K1A 0L5

For more information, visit our Web site at **www.cra.gc.ca/customized** or see Information Circular 97-2, *Customized Forms*, available in electronic format only.

# Chapter 4 – Penalties and offences

## Late-filing penalty

If you file the T5008 information return late, or if you distribute slips to the recipients late, you are liable for each failure to a penalty of \$25 a day, from a minimum of \$100 to a maximum of \$2,500.

## Failure to file an information return

If you do not file an information return as required under the *Income Tax Act* or *Income Tax Regulations*, you may be guilty of an offence. In addition to any other penalty, if convicted, you are liable to:

- a fine from a minimum of \$1,000 to a maximum of \$25,000; or
- a fine and imprisonment for a maximum of 12 months.

## Failure to file an information return in an electronic format

If you do not file an information return in an electronic format as required under the *Income Tax Act* and *Income Tax Regulations*, you may be guilty of an offence. In addition to any other penalty, you are liable to a maximum penalty of \$2,500 per slip.

## Failure to provide information on a return

Anyone who prepares an information return has to make a reasonable effort to get the necessary information, including identification numbers, from the individuals, corporations, or partnerships that will receive the slips. If you do not do this, you may be liable to a \$100 penalty for each failure to comply with this requirement.

## Failure to provide an identification number

Individuals (other than trusts), corporations, or partnerships have to give their social insurance number (SIN) or Business Number (BN) on request to anyone who has to prepare an information slip for them. A person or partnership that does not do so is liable to a \$100 penalty for each failure to comply with this requirement. This penalty does not apply if the person or partnership had applied for, but not yet received, a SIN or BN at the time the return was filed.

A person or partnership that does not have an identification number must apply for one within 15 days of the date of an information request. After receiving the identification number, the person or partnership has 15 days to provide it to the person who is preparing an information return.

A person who does not have a SIN can apply for one at any Service Canada Centre.

For more information, see Information Circular 82-2, Social Insurance Number Legislation That Relates to the Preparation of Information Slips.

## Using the identification number

If you have to prepare an information return, or if you are an officer, employee, or agent of someone who does, you cannot **knowingly** use or communicate an identification number, or allow it be communicated, without the written consent of the individual, taxpayer, or partnership, other than as required or authorized by law or for the purpose for which the number was provided. If you use an identification number for unauthorized purposes, you may be guilty of an offence. If convicted, you are liable to a maximum fine of \$5,000 or imprisonment of up to 12 months, or both.

### Interest on penalties

We charge interest, compounded daily at the prescribed rate, on the total amount of penalties and interest outstanding. Interest and penalties are payable to the Receiver General.

## Cancelling or waiving penalties and interest

We may cancel, reduce, or waive penalties and interest charges if you file a T5008 information return late or distribute T5008 slips to recipients late because of circumstances beyond your control. If this happens, include a letter with the return explaining why you were late. For more information, see Information Circular 07-1, *Taxpayer Relief Provisions*.

## Notice of Assessment

We will issue a *Notice of Assessment* for the T5008 information return only if we apply a penalty.

## Chapter 5 – The T5008 slip

## Completing the T5008 slip

Before completing the T5008 slips, see "Filing electronically" on page 5 and "Filing on paper" on page 6. We can process your T5008 information return more efficiently if you follow these instructions.

#### Foreign currency reporting

Complete all T5008 slips in Canadian currency. Use the exchange rate that was in effect at the time of the transaction or an average rate that includes the transaction period.

Foreign currency is usually converted to Canadian funds before it is credited to the recipient's account. However, certain taxpayers keep foreign currency accounts and choose to convert their account balances themselves. If you receive proceeds of disposition in a foreign currency and deposit the amounts to your client's foreign currency account **without** converting them to Canadian funds, you can report in the foreign currency that applies. Identify foreign currency amounts by entering in box 13 the applicable currency code under International Standard (ISO) 4217.

#### Joint ownership

Complete only one T5008 slip to report a transaction even if more than one person owns the securities. Include the names of the joint owners on lines 1 and 2 of the recipient area of the T5008 slip.

#### Aggregate reporting

You can report more than one transaction involving **identical** securities for the **same** client by totalling the amounts and showing them as one transaction. Examples of identical securities are: units of the same mutual fund, all commodity futures, or the same class of stock of the same corporation.

#### **Recipient's name and address**

**First and second lines** – Enter the individual's last name first, followed by the usual first name and initials or the legal name of a corporation, organization, or institution. Do not enter the name of a secretary, treasurer, or anyone else with signing authority.

Enter any other information, such as the name of a second recipient for a jointly owned security.

In all cases, enter the recipient's full mailing address as follows:

**Third, fourth, and fifth lines** – Enter the recipient's full address, including city and province or territory (you can leave some lines blank). For the province or territory, use the two-letter abbreviations from the list on page 27.

Postal code - Enter the recipient's postal code.

## Name and address of trader or dealer in securities

Give the full name and mailing address of the person required to complete the information return in this area of each T5008 slip. To determine whether or not you have to file a T5008 information return, see "Who has to file a T5008 information return?" on page 4.

#### Year

Enter the four digits of the calendar year in which the transaction took place.

#### Void

If you make an error on a T5008 slip, enter an "X." We will disregard transactions on voided T5008 slips during processing.

#### Box 10 - Report code

Enter on each slip one of the following codes to indicate whether the slip is:

- "O" original;
- "A" amended (changing the financial data or identification information); or
- "C" cancelled.

When using code "A" or "C," enter a description at the top of the slip (that is, "AMENDED" or "CANCELLED") and include a letter of explanation when you file a copy of the slip. For more details, see "Amending your T5008 slips" on page 10.

#### Box 11 - Recipient type

On each T5008 slip, enter one of the following codes to identify the person for whom the transaction was made:

- "1" individual (even if the SIN is not provided);
- "2" joint account;
- "3" corporation; or
- "4" other, for example, association, trust (fiduciary-trustee, nominee, or estate), club, or partnership.

#### Box 12 - Recipient identification number

If the recipient is an individual (other than a trust), enter the individual's social insurance number (SIN). When you report the disposition of a jointly owned security, enter only the SIN of the first individual you identified as a recipient.

You have to make a reasonable effort to get the recipient's SIN. If you do not, you may be liable to a \$100 penalty for each time you do not provide the SIN on a slip. However, when a person tells you that he or she does not have a SIN but is applying for one, make sure you complete and file the return before the filing deadline. If you have not received the SIN by the time you prepare the T5008 slip, leave box 12 blank.

#### Note

If you are reporting a transaction made in trust to an institution for an individual (for example, a payment made to the trustee of a self-directed RRSP), **do not enter the individual's SIN in box 12**.

If the recipient is not an individual, enter the first nine digits of the recipient's Business Number (BN), if available.

#### Box 13 - Foreign currency

You should report all amounts in Canadian currency, unless the transaction meets the requirements explained in "Foreign currency reporting" on page 7.

For Canadian funds, leave this area blank.

Enter the applicable three-character alphabetic or numeric currency code using International Standard (ISO) 4217. If possible, use the alphabetic codes, as follows:

- USD United States, dollar
- JPY Japan, yen
- HKD Hong Kong, dollar
- AUD Australia, dollar
- NZD New Zealand, dollar
- DKK Denmark, krone
- GBP United Kingdom, pound
- EUR European Union, euro
- OTH Other

When you report amounts in foreign currency, keep the following rules in mind:

 print the name of the foreign currency on the T5008 slips (for example, U.S. DOLLARS) above box 17 for the recipient's benefit;

- if you file your T5008 information return on paper and leave box 13 blank, we will process the amounts on the T5008 slips as Canadian dollars; and
- when completing the summary, you only have to enter one amount for total proceeds of disposition, whether or not you complete the T5008 slips in different currencies.

#### Box 14 – Date (MMDD)

Enter the month and day on which the transaction was completed (the settlement date). For example, if you completed the transaction on May 17, enter "0517." If you are reporting the aggregate of transactions that occurred throughout the year, enter "1231" (December 31). Do not enter the year in this box.

#### **Box 15** – Type code of securities

Indicate the type of security by entering one of the following codes:

- BON Bonds
- BO1 A bulk transaction in bonds for which the quantity cannot be determined
- **DOB** Debt obligations in bearer form
- DO1 A bulk transaction in debt obligations in bearer form for which the quantity cannot be determined
- FUT Futures
- MET Precious metals
- MFT Units in a mutual fund trust or investment fund trust
- MSC Miscellaneous OPC Option contracts
- PTI - Publicly traded interest in a trust or partnership
- RTS – Rights
- SHS Shares
- UNT Units (for example, a unit consisting of a bond and a warrant)
- WTS Warrants

These codes are the same as field 35A in the International Standard (ISO) 15022. We have added certain codes and removed others to report transactions as required by the Income Tax Act. However, if you use this standard to record transactions, you can use the field 35A codes and reproduce them without changes.

#### Box 16 – Quantity of securities

Enter the quantity of securities involved in the transaction. The quantity must be in units that apply to that security (for example, for gold, give the number of ounces).

#### Box 17 – Identification of securities

Enter a description of the securities (for example, treasury bill, banker's acceptance, shares of XYZ Corporation, debt obligation in bearer form).

#### Box 18 – ISIN/CUSIP number

When the securities are identified by a CUSIP number (Committee on Uniform Securities Identification Procedures) or ISIN number (International Securities Identification Number), enter the number in box 18.

#### Box 19 - Face amount

If the security represents indebtedness (for example, bonds and other debt obligations), enter the nominal value, in dollars only, that appears on the face of the document (that is, the amount to be repaid at maturity). Leave this box blank if the security does not have a face amount (for example, shares or commodities).

#### Box 20 – Cost or book value

Enter the cost or book value, in dollars only, of the securities involved.

#### Box 21 – Proceeds of disposition or settlement amount

You have to prepare a T5008 slip for all reportable transactions, regardless of the amount of proceeds. There is no administrative limit for reporting securities transactions.

#### Note

Box 21 may contain a negative amount **only if** the type of securities in box 15 is a future (FUT) or an option contract (OPC).

Enter, in dollars only, the total proceeds received by or credited to the recipient in exchange for the securities. We define proceeds on page 4.

#### Example

A \$10,000 treasury bill is disposed of before it matures, and the bearer receives \$9,500. The proceeds of disposition are \$9,500. Enter "9,500" in box 21. Since the face amount of the treasury bill is \$10,000, you would enter "10,000" in box 19.

Report only the total proceeds in box 21. Do not deduct any expenses from the proceeds and do not report negative amounts.

#### Example

A \$15,000 discounted bond is called before maturity. The bondholder receives a net credit of \$10,480, as follows:

Principal payment	\$ 10,000
Add: Accrued interest	500
Gross proceeds	\$ 10,500
Minus: Bank charges	20
Amount deposited to bondholder's account	\$ 10,480

Since the proceeds of disposition are \$10,000, enter "10,000" in box 21. Do not include the accrued interest with the transaction proceeds. Report the accrued interest on a T5 slip. The bank charges do not represent an amount payable to the bondholder. Bondholders that are individuals can deduct this amount as outlays and expenses on Schedule 3 of the T1 return to determine the gain realized on the transaction.

## Boxes 22, 23, and 24 – Securities received on settlement (if applicable)

In some securities transactions, securities are received as proceeds of disposition. This usually happens in exchange or conversion transactions. You should complete boxes 22, 23, and 24 only when you cannot readily determine the value of the securities received on settlement. Do not report any monetary values in these boxes. Report in box 21 any part of the proceeds that is credited in money.

#### Note

Some exchanges of securities are exempt from the reporting requirement. For more information, see "Who has to file a T5008 information return?" on page 4.

Certain securities can be redeemed in return for another type of security. For example, bonds may be redeemed for gold. However, gold is often converted, at the fair market value, and the proceeds (see definition on page 4) are credited to the recipient. In this case, you have to report these transactions in box 21.

Use boxes 22, 23, and 24 to report the transaction only if you cannot reasonably determine the fair market value of the securities obtained on conversion.

#### Example

XYZ Corporation redeems a bond for 20 ounces of gold. If you could not determine the value of the gold, you would complete boxes 22, 23, and 24 as follows:

Box 22 MET

Box 23 20 OZ

Box 24 GOLD

The instructions for completing boxes 22, 23, and 24 are the same as those for boxes 15, 16, and 17.

Report sections 85 and 85.1 transactions in these boxes as follows:

- Box 21 Leave this box blank for these transactions.
- Box 22 Enter "SHS."
- **Box 23** Enter the number of shares, units, or quantity of any other property or securities received as part of the proceeds of disposition.
- Box 24 Enter "Section 85" or "Section 85.1," as applicable.

## Distributing the T5008 slips

Send us each T5008 slip (three slips printed per sheet), along with the T5008 Summary, before March 1 of the year after the calendar year for which the information return is required. Send these forms to:

Data Assessment and Evaluation Programs Division Ottawa Technology Centre 875 Heron Road Ottawa ON K1A 1A2

Send two copies of the T5008 slip to the recipient before March 1 of the year after the calendar year for which the information return is required. Keep one copy.

You can provide recipients an electronic copy of their T5008 slips. The recipient must have consented in writing or by email to receive the slips electronically.

## Amending your T5008 slips

If you discover an error in your information return after filing it, you can now make corrections on paper or electronically, as described below.

**Paper submissions** – If you have to change some of the data on a slip, change only the required entries and leave the same amounts in the other boxes. You only have to submit the amended slip. Print the word "AMENDED" at the top of the revised slip. Send two copies of the amended slip to the recipient. Send a copy of the slips to your tax centre with a letter explaining the reason for the amendment. Provide your filer identification number on your letter. We list the tax centre addresses on page 26.

#### Note

You do not have to file an amended summary form when you send in amended slips.

**Cancelled slips** – If you issued a slip by mistake and you want to cancel it, send us another slip with the same data as on the original slip. Print the word "CANCELLED" at the top of the slip. Send two copies of the cancelled slip to the recipient.

**Duplicate slips** – If you issue a slip to replace one that a client lost or destroyed, print the word "DUPLICATE" at the top of the replacement slip you are sending to the recipient. **Do not send us a copy of the duplicate slip**.

#### Note

If you are a subsidiary office and the original slip was filed by your head office, include the filer identification number used when the original slips were filed.

**Electronic submissions** – Filers who discover errors in the information they have already filed can submit revisions to us on electronic media (DVD, CD, or diskette). The format used is eXtensible Markup Language (XML). For up-to-date information, visit our Web site

at **www.cra.gc.ca/electronicmedia**. Send your amendments on electronic media to:

Electronic Media Processing Unit Ottawa Technology Centre Canada Revenue Agency 875 Heron Road Ottawa ON K1A 1A2

You can send amended slips using Internet file transfer. For more information, see **www.cra.gc.ca/file-xml**.

## Chapter 6 – The T5008 Summary

## **Completing the T5008 Summary**

Before completing the T5008 Summary, see the information on pages 5 and 6 called "Filing electronically" and "Filing on paper." We can process your T5008 information return more efficiently if you follow these instructions.

#### Information return for the year ended December 31

Enter the four digits of the calendar year to which the information return relates.

#### Filer identification number

Enter your filer identification number. This number applies to information returns such as the T5008 and the T5. If we have not assigned you such a number, or you are unsure of your number, call **1-800-959-5525**.

Do not delay filing your information return. If you have not received your identification number before the due date, leave this area blank. File your return on time and attach a note to it explaining why you have not entered the number.

#### Note

The filer identification number is a unique number for information returns and has two alphabetical and seven numerical characters (for example, YZ1234567). **Do not** enter your employer account number, your corporation account number, or your Business Number in this area.

If you are filing for the first time and do not yet have a filer identification number, we will send you a confirmation letter once we receive your first information return. This letter will contain your new filer identification number.

#### Additional T5008 Summary

If this is an additional T5008 Summary, enter an "X."

You have to file an additional T5008 Summary if you file additional T5008 slips. Include only original T5008 slips with report code "O."

## Name and address of trader or dealer filing this T5008 Summary

Enter the name and the full mailing address of the person required to complete the information return. To determine whether or not you have to file a T5008 information return, see "Who has to file a T5008 information return?" on page 4.

#### **Business Number**

It is important that you make every effort to provide us with your business number when filing your T5008 return.

Enter the 15 digits of your Business Number (BN) in this area.

## Have you filed a T5008 information return before?

If you have filed a T5008 information return in a previous year, enter an "X" in the "Yes" box.

If this is the first year you have filed a T5008 information return, enter an "X" in the "No" box.

#### Language

Enter an "X" in the box for English or French. Any future correspondence and information we send you will be in the language you choose.

#### Address on last information return

Enter the address from your last T5008 information return if you:

- entered an "X" in the "Yes" box for the question "Have you filed a T5008 information return before?"; and
- the address on your last T5008 information return was not the same as the address you entered in the "Name and address of trader or dealer filing this T5008 Summary" area of the form.

## **Box 21** – Total proceeds of disposition or settlement amount

Enter the total proceeds of disposition from box 21 of all the T5008 slips you are filing with this summary.

#### Box 40 - Number of T5008 slips you have filed

Enter the total number of T5008 slips you are filing with this summary. Don't include in this total any T5008 slips you marked "VOID" or left blank.

## Is this T5008 Summary for an unclaimed proceeds of disposition account?

Enter an "X" in the "Yes" box if this is a separate T5008 Summary to report a payment of previously unclaimed proceeds of disposition. If not, enter an "X" in the "No" box. For more information, see Chapter 7 on next page.

## **Box 41** – Person to contact about this information return

Enter the name of the person who will be able to answer any questions we may have about this information return.

#### Box 42 - Telephone number

Enter the telephone number of the contact person.

#### Certification

Make sure a person who has signing authority signs and dates the summary.

## Filing the T5008 Summary

Send the completed T5008 Summary along with the related T5008 slips before March 1 of the year after the calendar year to which the information return applies to:

Data Assessment and Evaluation Programs Division Ottawa Technology Centre 875 Heron Road Ottawa ON K1A 1A2

You should make a photocopy of the T5008 Summary for your records.

# Chapter 7 – Unclaimed proceeds of disposition

### Remittances

**Unclaimed proceeds of disposition** are proceeds of disposition you receive in a tax year for a person (the beneficial owner) who remains unknown at the end of your next tax year. If you still hold unclaimed proceeds then, you have to deduct a specified percentage of tax from these amounts and send it to the Receiver General within 60 days.

To calculate the tax, subtract from the proceeds of disposition of the property any outlays and expenses relating to its disposition, if you did not deduct the outlays and expenses in calculating your income. Multiply the result by 50%. Send the tax withheld with a statement showing the period covered, net proceeds, and amount of tax deducted. Send the payment and statement separately from any T5008 information return you may be filing.

#### Example

As a securities dealer with a tax year ending on March 31, you received proceeds of \$30,000 during the previous tax year for an unidentified beneficiary. The rightful owner of the proceeds is still unknown on March 31 of the current tax year. You have to send \$15,000 to the Receiver General before May 31 of the next tax year.

Penalties apply if you do not send amounts withheld. For a first failure in a calendar year, the penalty is 10% of the amount that was withheld but not sent. A second or later failure in the same calendar year could result in a penalty of 20% of the amount that was withheld but not sent.

We will charge you interest on amounts that you do not send as required. Interest accrues at a prescribed rate from the required date of remittance to the date you send it and is payable to the Receiver General.

## **Reporting requirements**

If you hold an unclaimed amount and you later identify the beneficial owner and pay the amount, you have to prepare a separate T5008 information return. In this case, prepare a separate T5008 Summary and related T5008 slips for the applicable tax year to report the proceeds paid and the tax withheld. The beneficial owner has to calculate the amount of income from these securities transactions and include it in income for the calendar year shown on the T5008 slip. The beneficial owner can claim as a credit the tax you withheld. A non-resident will generally claim the credit in the same way as a resident.

In some cases, you can pay unclaimed proceeds of disposition received in different calendar years to the same beneficial owner in one lump sum. If so, you have to prepare separate T5008 slips for each calendar year in which you received the proceeds.

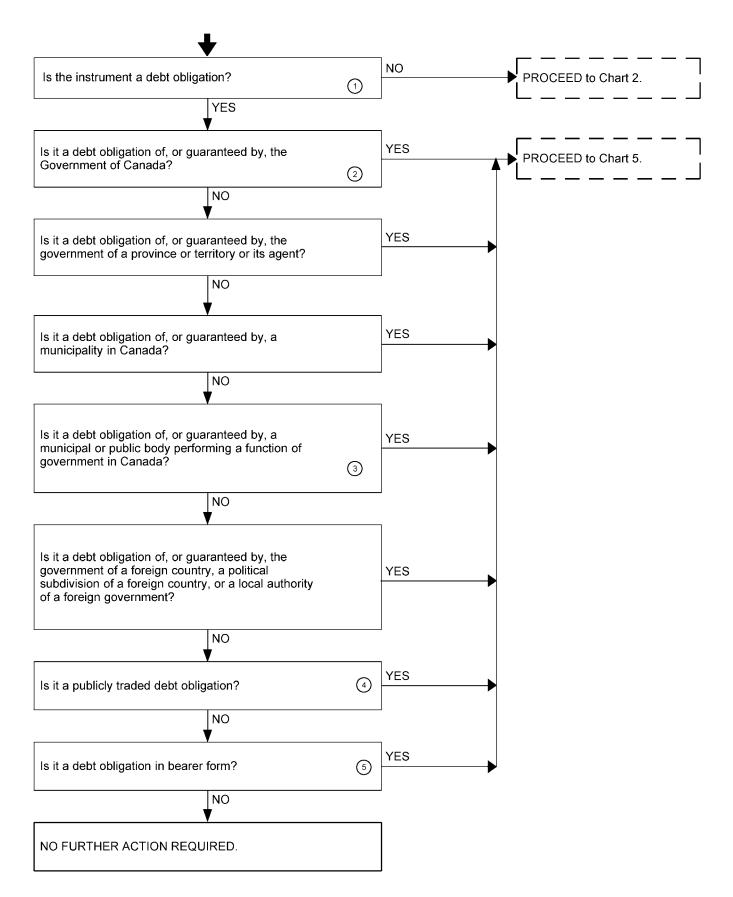
You also have to report the amount of tax withheld on the T5008 slip. Identify the amount as "TAX WITHHELD" and enter it directly below the recipient's name and address. Enter "UNCLAIMED PROCEEDS OF DISPOSITION ACCOUNT" directly below the name and address of the trader or dealer in securities.

#### Note

Submissions for unclaimed dividends and unclaimed interest must be filed on paper.

## **Appendix A – Flowcharts**

#### Chart 1 – Debt obligations

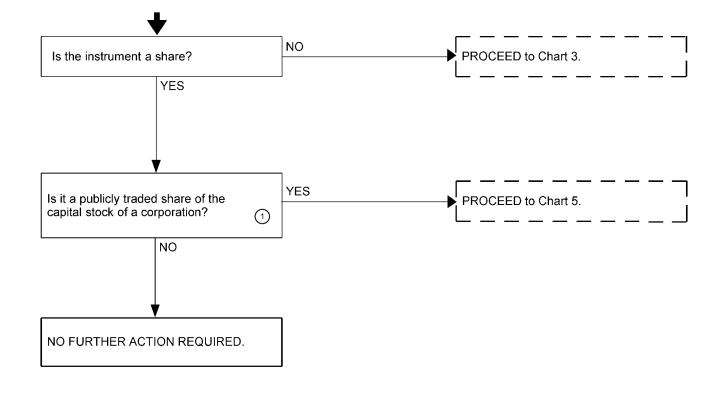


## **Debt obligations**

#### Notes

- 1. Debt obligations include bonds, debentures, notes, or any other certificates of indebtedness.
- 2. This category includes Government of Canada treasury bills.
- **3.** Municipal or public bodies performing a function of government in Canada include school boards, educational institutions, and hospitals.
- 4. Publicly traded means:
  - listed or posted for trading on a stock exchange, commodity exchange, futures exchange, or any other exchange, including exchanges in foreign jurisdictions; or
  - sold and distributed by prospectus, registration statement, or similar document filed with a public authority such as a provincial securities commission.
- 5. Banker's acceptances and commercial paper are examples of debt obligations in bearer form that are not usually traded publicly. Debt obligations in bearer form include debt obligations payable to the "bearer" or to "cash." Instruments held in street name (that is, in the name of a broker or another nominee) are usually endorsed to the bearer.

### Chart 2 – Shares

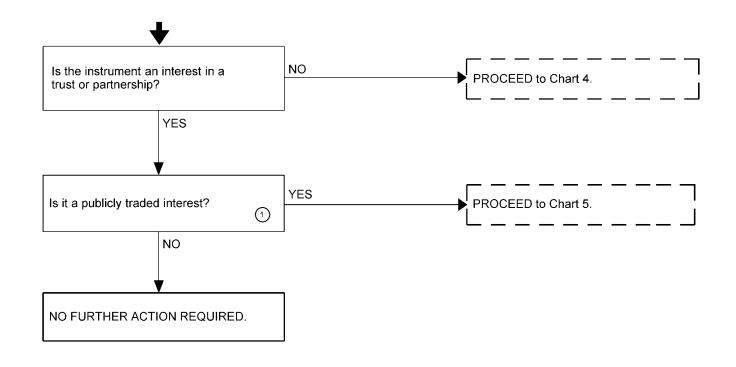


### Shares

Note

- **1.** Publicly traded means:
  - listed or posted for trading on a stock exchange, commodity exchange, futures exchange, or any other exchange, including exchanges in foreign jurisdictions; or
  - sold and distributed by prospectus, registration statement, or similar document filed with a public authority such as a provincial securities commission.

### Chart 3 – Interest in a trust or partnership

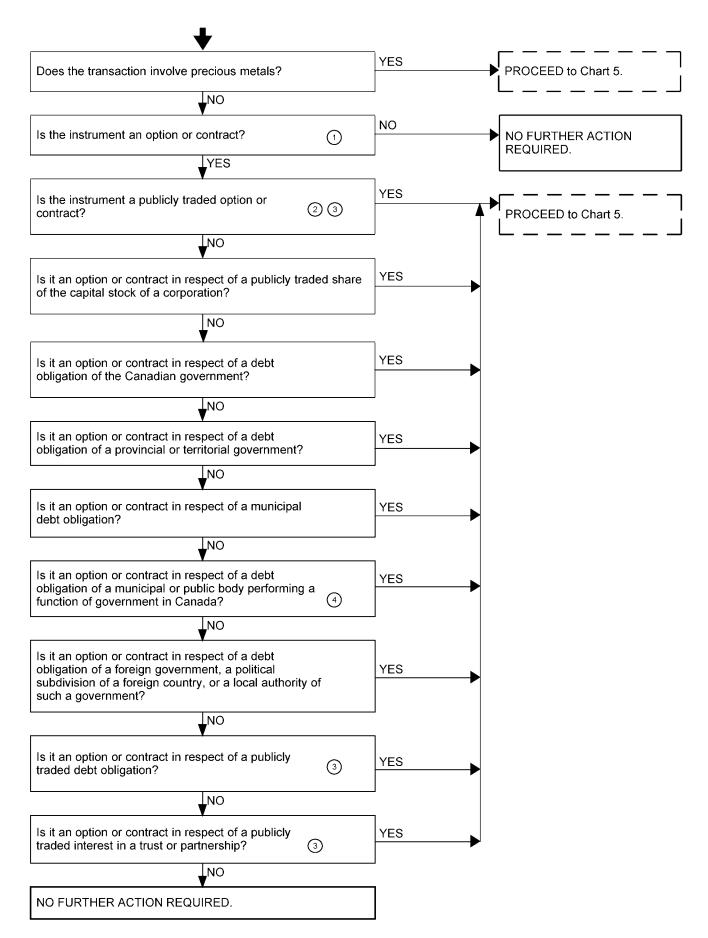


## Interest in a trust or partnership

#### Note

- **1.** Publicly traded means:
  - listed or posted for trading on a stock exchange, commodity exchange, futures exchange, or any other exchange, including exchanges in foreign jurisdictions; or
  - sold and distributed by prospectus, registration statement, or similar document filed with a public authority such as a provincial securities commission.

### Chart 4 – Other securities

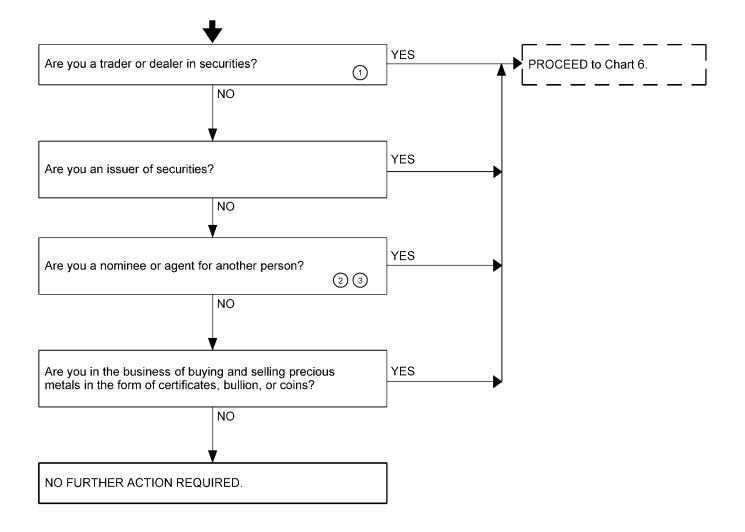


## **Other securities**

Notes

- 1. An option is a right to buy or sell securities during an agreed period at a fixed price. Unlike an option, a contract for securities creates an obligation to buy or sell the securities.
- 2. A security includes a publicly traded option or contract for any property, including commodities, financial futures, foreign currency, precious metals, or any index relating to any property.
- **3.** Publicly traded means:
  - listed or posted for trading on a stock exchange, commodity exchange, futures exchange, or any other exchange, including exchanges in foreign jurisdictions; or
  - sold and distributed by prospectus, registration statement, or similar document filed with a public authority such as a provincial securities commission.
- 4. Municipal or public bodies performing a function of government in Canada include school boards, educational institutions, and hospitals.

### **Chart 5 – Reporting institutions**



## **Reporting institutions**

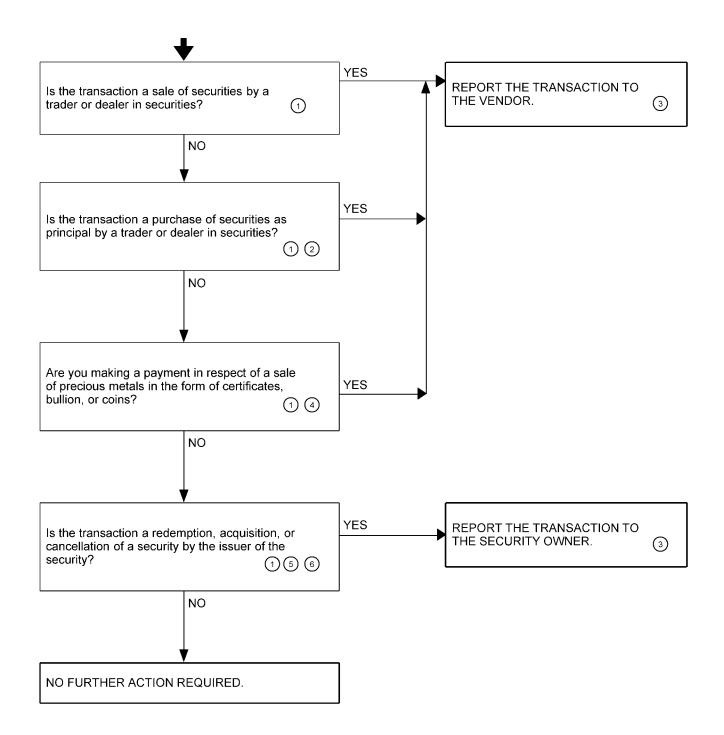
#### Notes

- 1. A trader or dealer in securities is:
  - a person who is registered or licensed under the laws of a province or territory to trade in securities; or
  - a person who commonly makes sales of securities as an agent for other persons.
- 2. A nominee is a person or firm, such as a bank official or brokerage house, into whose name securities are transferred to facilitate transactions. The customer remains the true owner of the securities.

An agent is any person authorized to act for another person in transactions involving a third party. An agent includes:

- an account executive or an investment counsellor who advises and handles orders for clients; or
- a person appointed by a corporation to maintain records of stock and bond owners, to cancel and issue certificates, and to distribute payments to stock or bond owners.
- **3.** The reporting requirement for securities transactions does not apply to transactions for which an information return is required under section 202 (payments to non-residents) or section 204 (estates and trusts) of the *Income Tax Regulations*.

### Chart 6 – Reporting the transactions



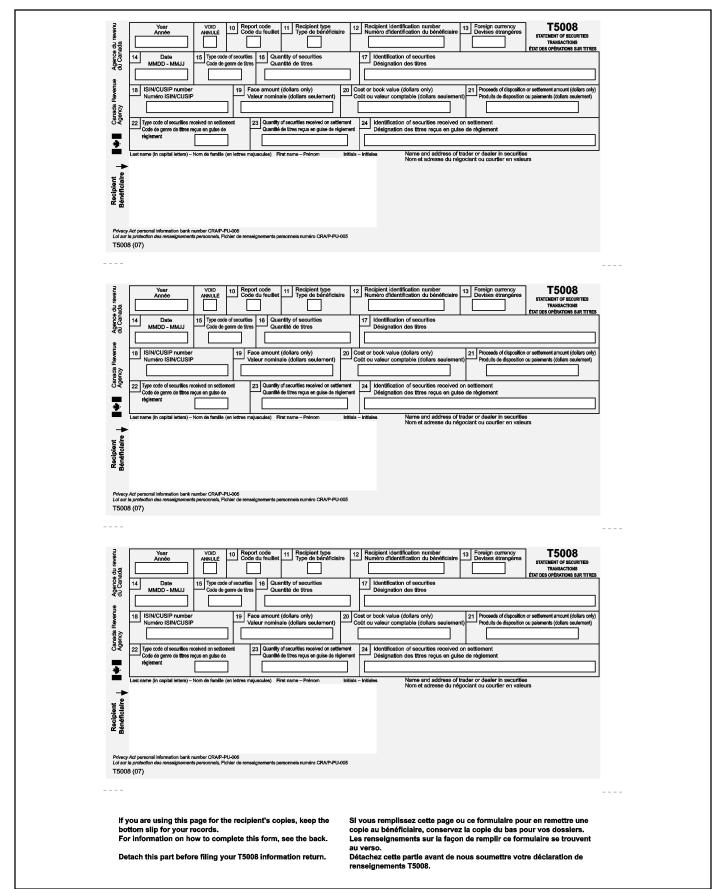
## **Reporting the transactions**

#### Notes

- 1. If a person acts as nominee or agent of the vendor or security owner and receives the proceeds of disposition from the transaction, that person has to report the transaction to the vendor or security owner.
- 2. A purchase as principal means a purchase on your own account. Do not report purchases made for clients or other investors.
- 3. You do not need to:
  - report transactions to another trader or dealer in securities, except if you purchase securities from a non-resident trader or dealer in securities; or
  - report a sale of securities by a trader or dealer in securities on behalf of a non-taxable entity such as a registered retirement savings plan, a deferred profit-sharing plan, a registered pension plan, a municipality, an agricultural organization, a board of trade, a chamber of commerce, or a municipal or public body such as a school board, educational institution, or hospital.
- 4. Do not report a sale of currencies or precious metal in the form of jewellery, works of art, or numismatic coins. Do not report a sale of precious metals by a person who, in the ordinary course of business, produces or sells precious metals in bulk or commercial quantities.
- 5. Do not report the redemption, acquisition, or cancellation of a debt obligation if:
  - the debt obligation is issued for its principal amount;
  - the redemption, acquisition, or cancellation satisfies all of the issuer's obligations (that is, once the redemption occurs, no more amounts are payable to any person with an interest in the debt obligation);
  - each person with an interest in the debt obligation is entitled to an equal proportion of principal and interest payments (that is, the debt obligation is not a strip bond); and
  - an information return is already required to be made as a result of the redemption, acquisition, or cancellation (for example, a T5 slip for the redemption of an investment contract or a T600 slip for accrued interest on redemption of a bond, debenture, or similar security).
- **6.** Do not report transactions involving:
  - convertible property, that is, shares, bonds, debentures, or notes of a corporation which give the holder the right to
    exchange the security for shares of the same corporation (if you receive consideration, other than shares, of \$200 or
    more in the conversion, you have to report the transaction);
  - capital property that is a bond exchanged for another bond of the same debtor when the provisions of the exchanged bond gave the holder the right to make the exchange and the exchanged bond and the acquired bond both have the same maturity value;
  - the redemption, cancellation, or acquisition of shares as a result of an amalgamation (if you receive consideration, other than shares, of \$200 or more in the exchange, you have to report the transaction);
  - share-for-share exchanges as a result of a corporation reorganization of capital (report all transactions when you receive any consideration other than shares);
  - interests in a partnership disposed of when a partnership ends; or
  - interests in a partnership transferred when a new partnership continues from a predecessor partnership.

## Appendix B – Samples of forms

### T5008 slip



## T5008 Summary

Complete this information return using the instructions in publication T4091, T5008 Guide – Return of Securities Transactions.         Remplissez cette déclaration de renseignements selon les instructions de la publication T4091, Guide T5008 – Déclaration des opérations sur titres.         Information return for the year ended December 31, Déclaration de renseignements pour l'année se terminant le 31 décembre       Filer identification number Numéro d'identification du déclarant         If this is an additional T5008 Summary, enter "X" here. S'Il s'agit d'un formulaire T5008 Summary ender filing this T5008 Summary Name and address of trader or dealer filing this T5008 Summary Nom et adresse du négociant ou du courtier en valeurs qui établit ce formulaire T5008 Sommaire Name – Nom       But Numéro d'address - Adresse         City – Ville       Provínce       Postal code – Code postal         Information return before? Address – Adresse       No       Language – Langue Indicate your choice of language for correspondence. Indiquez dans quelle langue vous désirez recevoir votre corresp Address – Adresse	Do not use this area N'inscrivez rien ici
December 31,	English Français
S'il s'agit d'un formulaire T5008 Sommaire additionnel, inscrivez un « X » ici.	English Français
Nom et adresse du négociant ou du courtier en valeurs qui établit ce formulaire T5008 Sommaire         Name – Nom         Address – Adresse         Address – Adresse         City – Ville         Province       Postal code – Code postal         City – Ville       Province         Postal code – Code postal         Information return before?       Indicate your choice of language for correspondence.         Nez-vous déjà produit une       Non         Address – Adresse       Indicate your choice of language for correspondence.         Indiquez dans quelle langue vous désirez recevoir votre correspondence.         Address – Adresse	English Français
Address – Adresse	English Français
Have you filed a T5008 Yes No information return before? Indicate your choice of language for correspondence. Avez-vous déjà produit une déclaration de renseignements T5008? Oui Non Address – Adresse	
information return before? Avez-vous déjà produit une déclaration de renseignements T5008? Oui Non Address – Adresse	
return, if the address has changed.	Province Postal code – Code postal
T5008 slip totals – Totaux des feuillets T5008	
Do not include amounts for which you have not issued a T5008 slip. N'inscrivez pas de montants pour lesquels vous n'avez pas produit un feuillet T5008.	Do not use this area N'inscrivez rien ici
Total proceeds of disposition or settlement amount, as reported in box 21 of the T5008 slips. Total des produits de disposition ou paiements – montants déclarés à la case 21 des feuillets T5008.	50
Number of T5008 slips you have filed. Nombre de feuillets T5008 que vous avez produits. 40	
Is this T5008 Summary for an unclaimed proceeds of disposition account? S'agit-il d'un formulaire T5008 Sommaire pour un compte de produits de Oui Non disposition de propriétaires inconnus?	52
Person to contact about this information return – Personne-ressource Name – Nom [41] [42]	Telephone number – Numéro de téléphone
Certification – Attestation I certify that the information given on this T5008 Summary form and the related T5008 slips is, to the best of my knowledge, correct and comp J'atteste que les renseignements fournis dans ce formulaire T5008 Sommaire et les feuillets T5008 connexes sont, à ma connaissance, exac	
Authorized person's signature – Signature d'une personne autorisée	Date

## Appendix C – Samples of customized forms

## Example 1

г

XYZ Filer I	imited	Stateme	venue Agency – Agence du reve ent of Securities Tra opérations sur titres	
			dress of Trader or Dealer in Sec se du négociant ou courtier en v	
		Re Account/ re	compte:	
Year/Année 10 R C	eport Code 11 Recipient Type ode du feuillet Type de bénéficiair	e 12 Recipient Identification Number / Numéro d'identification du bénéficiaire	13     Foreign Currency 1       Devises étrangères	5 Type Code of Securities Code de genre de titres
	uantity of Securities Quantité de titres		Proceeds of Disposition 20 Produits de disposition 0	Cost or Book Value Coût ou valeur comptable
Canada Revenue Age	ctions on this form are disclosed to t ncy. These transactions are to be rep le tax return. Please retain for Incom- r form will be issued.	orted déclarées à l'Agence e tax doivent être inscrite	itres apparaîssant sur e du revenu du Canada s sur votre déclaratior se formulaire aux fins d	a. Ces opérations n de revenus annuelle
		autre formulaire ne v	vous sera émis.	
				RC-07-91 CAM-0001-251-000

## Example 2

Canada Revenue Agency		F SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS OPÉRATIONS SUR TITRES	T5008
Year Année 14 Date MMDD - MMJJ Recipient's name (last name first) and ac	VOID         10         Report code         11         Recipient t           ANNULÉ         10         Code du feuillet         Type de bé           15         Type code of securities         16         Quantity of securities           Code de genre de titres         Quantité de titres           Sdress – Nom du bénéficiaire (nom de famille en premier) et adresse	type       12       Recipient identification number         Ineficiaire       Numéro d'Identification du bénéficiaire         Image: Internet int	13       Foreign currency Devises étrangères         0       or settlement amount (dollars only) n ou palements (dollars seulement)
T5008 (07)			RC-07-982

## Appendix D – References

The following publications relate to topics included in this guide and are available from our Web site at **www.cra.gc.ca/forms** or by calling **1-800-959-2221**.

### Information Circulars

- 07-1 Taxpayer Relief Provisions
- 82-2 Social Insurance Number Legislation That Relates to the Preparation of Information Slips
- 97-2 *Customized Forms* (available in electronic format only)

### **Interpretation Bulletins**

- IT-95 Foreign exchange gains and losses
- IT-96 Options Granted by Corporations to Acquire Shares, Bonds, or Debentures and by Trusts to Acquire Trust Units
- IT-115 Fractional Interest in Shares
- IT-146 Shares Entitling Shareholders to Choose Taxable or Capital Dividends
- IT-346 Commodity Futures and Certain Commodities
- IT-396 Interest Income
- IT-479 Transactions in Securities (and its Special Release)

## **Archived Interpretation bulletins**

The following interpretation bulletins are archived and kept for historical purposes. They are no longer available in print but can be accessed through our Web site at **www.cra.gc.ca/menu/ITSA-e.html**. These bulletins may contain law not currently in force.

- IT-52 Income Bonds and Income Debentures
- IT-77 Securities in Satisfaction of an Income Debt
- IT-265 Payments of Income and Capital Combined
- IT-410 *Debt Obligations Accrued Interest on Transfer* (and its Special Release)

### Guides and other publications

- T4015 T5 Guide Return of Investment Income
- RC4268 Handbook on Securities Transactions A Summary of the Reporting Requirements Under the Income Tax Regulations

## Appendix E – Addresses of tax centres

T raders or dealers served by a tax services office on the left side of the following list should deal with the corresponding tax centre or office on the right.

Bathurst, Halifax, Kingston, Moncton, Newfoundland and Labrador, Peterborough, Saint John, St. Catharines, and Sydney	St. John's Tax Centre 290 Empire Avenue St. John's NL A1B 3Z1
Chicoutimi, Montérégie-Rive-Sud, Outaouais, Québec, Rimouski, and Trois-Rivières	Jonquière Tax Centre 2251 René-Lévesque Boulevard Jonquière QC G7S 5J1
Laval, Montréal, Ottawa, Rouyn-Noranda, Sherbrooke, and Sudbury (Northeastern Ontario* only)	Shawinigan-Sud Tax Centre 4695 – 12th Avenue Shawinigan-Sud QC G9N 7S6
Belleville, Charlottetown, Hamilton, and Kitchener/Waterloo	Summerside Tax Centre 275 Pope Road Summerside PE C1N 6A2
Toronto Centre, Toronto East, Toronto North, Toronto West, and Sudbury (Sudbury/Nickel Belt** only)	Sudbury Tax Services Office 1050 Notre-Dame Avenue Sudbury ON P3A 5C1
Calgary, Edmonton, Lethbridge, London, Red Deer, Saskatoon, Thunder Bay, Windsor, and Winnipeg	Winnipeg Tax Centre 66 Stapon Road Winnipeg MB R3C 3M2
Burnaby-Fraser, Northern B.C. and Yukon, Regina, Southern Interior B.C., Vancouver, and Vancouver Island	Surrey Tax Centre 9755 King George Highway Surrey BC V3T 5E1
* Northe and an Orthonic in studies all arrange autoide Orthony (Nischel Date	that are converting the Ovelley Tay Convices Office

Northeastern Ontario includes all areas outside Sudbury/Nickel Belt that are served by the Sudbury Tax Services Office.

\*\* The Sudbury/Nickel Belt area includes all postal codes beginning with P3A, P3B, P3C, P3E, P3G, P3L, P3N, P3P, and P3Y, as well as postal codes beginning with P0M and ending with 1A0, 1B0, 1C0, 1E0, 1H0, 1J0, 1K0, 1L0, 1M0, 1N0, 1P0, 1R0, 1S0, 1T0, 1V0, 1W0, 1Y0, 2C0, 2E0, 2M0, 2R0, 2S0, 2X0, 2Y0, 3A0, 3B0, 3C0, 3E0, and 3H0.

## Appendix F – Provincial and territorial codes

Use the following abbreviations when you enter the province or territory on the T5008 slip and the T5008 Summary.

Newfoundland and Labrador	NL
Prince Edward Island	PE
Nova Scotia	NS
New Brunswick	NB
Quebec	QC
Ontario	ON
Manitoba	MB

Saskatchewan SK
Alberta AB
British Columbia BC
Nunavut NU
Northwest Territories NT
Yukon YT

## Appendix G – Glossary

These are not definitions provided by the *Income Tax Act* or *Income Tax Regulations*. They give only the common usage of the terms for the benefit of the reader.

Agent – A person authorized to act for another.

**Amalgamation** – Union of different corporations to form a single new corporation.

As principal – On your own account. See "Principal."

**Banker's acceptance** – A draft payable at maturity drawn by a creditor against a debtor. Banker's acceptances are short-term credit instruments that are commonly sold at a discount.

**Bearer** – The person in possession of a negotiable instrument.

**Bearer form** – An instrument is in bearer form if its terms state that it is payable to the bearer, or to cash, or if it does not indicate a payee.

**Bond** – A security under which the issuer contracts to pay the lender a fixed amount at a stated date in the future, and a series of interest payments. Some bonds are issued at a discount instead of providing for interest payments.

**Call** – A demand on the holder to submit securities for payment or redemption.

**Cancellation of securities** – An action of issuers who call back their own securities to cancel them and to reduce the amount of outstanding securities.

**Capital** – All shares representing ownership, including preferred and common shares.

**Commercial paper** – A negotiable instrument (promissory note, bank cheque) for the payment of money. It is commonly sold at a discount.

**Commodities** – Staples such as wool, cotton, or any articles of merchandise that are useful or serviceable.

**Consideration** – Anything received in a transaction (usually cash) including any tangible or intangible property.

**Contract** – An agreement between persons that creates an obligation. See "Option."

**Creditor** – A person to whom a debt is owed by another person who is the debtor.

**Debenture** – A promissory note or bond backed by a corporation's general credit rating.

**Debt obligation** – A fixed obligation to pay money or some other valuable consideration.

Debtor – One who owes a debt.

**Deemed disposition** – This term is used when you are considered to have disposed of property, even though a transaction did not take place. A deemed disposition occurs when the owner of a security transfers certain property to a trust, leaves Canada, or dies. **Discount** – The difference between present and maturity value. Buying an instrument before maturity at less than par value.

**Draft** – An order to pay a sum of money on demand or at a definite time.

**Exchange** – The market place at which different securities are bought and sold (for example, stock exchange, commodity exchange). It also means a transaction that involves trading one security for another.

**Face amount** – The nominal value that appears on the face of a document, generally a bond. It is the amount to be repaid at maturity.

**Futures** – A right to receive, at a future date, a quantity of a given commodity for a fixed price.

**Holder** – A person who possesses a security and who is entitled to receive payment of that security.

**Index** – A list of the current values of marketable securities given through an exchange (stock, commodities, futures exchanges).

**Instrument** – Any negotiable written document.

Nominee – A person designated to act for another.

**Note** – An instrument in which the signer promises to pay to a specified person, or the bearer, a sum of money at a specified time.

**Numismatic coins** – Coins or coin-like objects that have a value to collectors.

**Option** – A right to buy commodities or securities within an agreed period, at a fixed price, or to sell commodities or securities at an agreed price and time. An option to buy is known as a "call" and an option to sell is called a "put."

**Par** – When the nominal or face value of a security equals its market value, it is trading at par. Par value may also refer to a value stated on securities, especially shares, that does not represent market value. The amount of the issue price or market value in excess of par value is called a premium.

**Partnership** – The relationship that exists between two or more persons who join to carry on a trade or business to make a profit. Each person contributes money, property, labour, or a skill, and each expects to share in the profits or losses of the venture. You can have a valid partnership without a formal written partnership agreement.

The type and extent of a person's involvement in the business are important in determining whether the person is a partner. For more details, see Interpretation Bulletin IT-90, *What is a Partnership?* 

If you would like more help to determine whether an arrangement is a partnership, you should also consult the relevant provincial or territorial laws. We will usually accept a decision based on those laws. **Precious metal** – This means coins, metals (especially gold and silver) before coining, or certificates representing such metals. Precious metal does not include jewellery, works of art, or numismatic coins.

**Predecessor** – This means one of any number of businesses or corporations that have been incorporated into and replaced by a new business or corporation through an amalgamation.

**Principal** – This means the capital sum of a debt or obligation, as distinguished from interest or other additions to it. See "As principal."

**Proceeds** – See "What are proceeds?" on page 4 for the definition of proceeds.

**Prospectus** – A document a company publishes to invite the public to subscribe to an issue of shares, debentures, or other securities.

**Publicly traded** – Listed or posted on any exchange (for example, stock exchange, commodity exchange, futures exchange). Sold or distributed under a prospectus or similar document.

**Redemption of securities** – An action of issuers who buy back their own securities (frequently shares).

**Right** – A privilege granted to the holder of a security, such as the right to buy more shares of the issuer or the right to exchange the security held for a different security.

**Sale** – Includes a short sale. A short sale is a contract for the sale of securities that the seller does not own but that will be delivered at a specified time.

**Security** – See "What are securities?" on page 4 for the definition of a security.

**Trader or dealer in securities** – A person registered or licensed to trade in securities or a person who ordinarily sells securities for others.

**Treasury bill** – Short-term obligations of the federal government. Treasury bills are for terms of 3, 6, and 12 months.

**Warrant** – A certificate granting the owner the right to buy securities.

## Notes

# Your opinion counts!



We review our publications every year. If you have any comments or suggestions to help us improve them, we would like to hear from you.

Please send your comments to:

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