Notes

- . Complete the chart below to determine the amount to enter on line 1 of Area 2 of this form. When completing the chart:
- only enter consecutive years ending with 2003 in which you had unused RRSP contributions. For example, if you had unused RRSP contributions in 1997 to 1999 and deducted them in 2000, then you had other unused contributions in 2001 to 2003, only complete the chart for 2001, 2002, and 2003; and
- do not complete column E for the 2003 tax year.

Attach a separate sheet if you need more space.

Year	A Unused RRSP contributions at the end of the preceding year (col. D minus col. E of the previous year) *	B RRSP contributions made during the year (see Note 3)	C RRSP and RRIF payments included in income for the year (see Note 4)	D (col. A plus col. B) minus col. C *	E RRSP contributions deducted on line 208 of your tax return (see Note 2)		
	0						

^{*} If the result is negative, enter "0".

- 2. Do not include amounts you deducted for
- contributions you made to your own or your spouse's RRSP or your common-law partner's RRSP in the first 60 days of the following year (see Note 6);
- contributions you made to your RRSPs in the year for the following types of income you received and transferred to your RRSPs:
- the eligible part of a retiring allowance:
- the eligible part of a lump-sum pension payment;
- an RRSP refund of premiums;

- an RRSP commutation payment:
- the eligible amount of an RRIF designated benefit;
- a RRIF excess amount; or
- a contribution you returned to your RRSPs because you did not need the funds to have a past-service pension adjustment (PSPA) certified.
- 3. Include any gifts made to your RRSPs (a gift is any amount contributed to your RRSPs by someone other than you or your spouse or common-law partner). Also include any excess amount you transferred from your RPP to your RRSPs or RRIFs (you would have received an official RRSP receipt for these contributions). Do not include:
- contributions you made during the first 60 days of the year to your own or your spouse's RRSP or common-law partner's RRSP that you deducted or will deduct for the preceding year (see Note 6);
- contributions you made to your RRSPs that you designated as repayments under the Home Buyers' Plan or the Lifelong Learning Plan;
- contributions you made to your RRSPs for amounts you deducted or will deduct for the year for the following types of income you received and transferred to your RRSPs:
- the eligible part of a retiring allowance:
- the eligible part of a lump-sum pension payment;
- an RRSP refund of premiums;
- an RRSP commutation payment:
- the eligible amount of a RRIF designated benefit;
- a RRIF excess amount; or
- amounts that were transferred directly to your RRSPs from another RRSP, RPP, DPSP, or from the Saskatchewan Pension Plan for which you were not issued an official receipt or slip; or
- contributions you have returned to your RRSPs because you did not need the funds to have a PSPA certified.
- . Include amounts that your spouse or common-law partner withdrew from RRSPs or RRIFs that you must include in your income for the year. You may have calculated these amounts on Form T2205, Amounts From a Spousal or Common-Law Partner RRSP or RRIF to Include in Income for . Do not include:
- amounts shown on T1-OVP Schedule that reduce your tax payable on excess contributions you made before 1991; or
- the part of amounts you received for which you will deduct an amount for the year as a transfer to another RRSP. This applies to:
- an RRSP refund of premiums:

- the eligible amount of a RRIF designated benefit; and
- an RRSP commutation payment: a RRIF excess amount.

If you are completing line 4 in Part A of the chart on the middle pages of this return, do the following: If the amount received or considered received from the RRSP is shown in box 26 of a T4RSP slip, enter the amount under the column for the date the RRSP is considered deregistered. Contact the RRSP issuer to determine this date

5. Visit our Web site at www.cra.gc.ca/myaccount or call 1-800-959-8281 to ask what your 2004 RRSP deduction limit would be if you did not have a 2004 net PSPA. If you have negative unused RRSP deduction room at the end of 2003 (from your 2003 Notice of Assessment or Notice of Reassessment), do the following calculation:

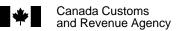
Negative RRSP deduction room at the end of 2003.

Complete Steps 2, 3, 4, and 5 of the chart on pages 12 and 13 of the 2004 version of guide T4040, RRSPs and Other Registered Plans for Retirement, and enter the amount from line 33.

Add lines (i) and (ii) (the result can be negative). Enter this amount under each month on line 6 in Part A of the chart on the middle pages of this return.

6. If you were allowed, an extension for making deductible RRSPcontributions in a year, use the number of days of the extended deadline for that year instead of 60 days. For example, the reference to 60 days in notes 2 and 3 should be read as 90 days for qualifying individuals affected by the ice storms in early 1998, since the deadline for making deductible 1997 RRSP contributions was extended to March 31,1998.

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2004 INDIVIDUAL TAX RETURN FOR RRSP EXCESS CONTRIBUTIONS

- If you overcontributed to your registered retirement savings plan (RRSP), you may have to pay a 1% tax on your overcontributions for every month they are left in the plan. Generally, you have an overcontribution if your unused contributions are more than your RRSP deduction limit for the year plus \$2,000.
- If your 2004 unused RRSP contributions are subject to tax, you have to complete and send this return with your payment to your tax centre no later than March 31, 2005.
- If you have RRSP excess contributions made before 1991 that are subject to tax, also complete and file T1-OVP Schedule, Calculating the Amount of RRSP Excess Contributions Made Before 1991 that are Subject to Tax, which is available from our Web site at www.cra.gc.ca or by calling at 1-800-959-2221.

Area 1 – Identification								
Last name First name and initials	Social insurance number							
Address		ĺ	İ		1 1			
Area 2 – Calculating your unused RRSP contributions at the end of December 2003								
Complete this area if you made contributions to your own or your spouse's RRSP or your common-law partner's RRSP from December 31, 2003, that you did not and will not deduct on your tax returns for 1990 to 2003. Otherwise, go to Part A of the middle pages of this return.			1991,	to				
1. If you filed a T1-OVP return for 2003, enter the amount under December from line 5 in Part A of that return (if this amongative, enter "0"). If you did not file a T1-OVP return for 2003, complete the chart in Note 1 on the back of this return enter the amount from column D for 2003.						_ 1		
2. Enter the total RRSP contributions you deducted on line 208 of your 2003 tax return (see Note 2 on the back of this re	turn).					_ 2		
3. Line 1 minus line 2 (if negative, enter "0"): This is the total of your unused RRSP contributions at the end of December 2003. Enter this amount under January on line 1 in Part A of the chart on the middle pages of this return.		=				_ 3		
4. Enter the total of all RRSP contributions made after February 26, 1995, and before January 1, 2004.						- 4		
5. Line 3 minus line 4.		= _				_ 5		
6. Enter the total of all RRSP and RRIF payments that you included in income for 1995 to 2003 that can be considered contributions made after February 26, 1995.		+				6		
7. Add lines 5 and 6: enter this amount under January on line 11 in Part B of the chart on the middle pages of this return		=				7		
Area 3 – Calculating the amount of tax you have to pay								
Before completing this area, complete the chart on the middle pages of this return to calculate the amount subject to tax.								
8. Enter the total of all 12 amounts from line 27 in Part D of the chart on the middle pages of this return.	8							
9. If you completed a T1-OVP Schedule for excess RRSP contributions you made before 1991 that are subject to tax, enter the amount from line 4 of that schedule. Otherwise, enter "0". +	9							
10. Add lines 8 and 9.	× 1%	=				_ 10		
The amount on line 10 is the amount of tax you have to pay. Your payment is due no later than March 31, 2005. If you do not pay the tax by the due date, you may also have to pay interest on any unpaid amount. Attach a								
	mount closed	_				=		
Area 4 – Certification								
Leartify that the information on this return is to the host of my knowledge correct and complete								
I certify that the information on this return is, to the best of my knowledge, correct and complete. It is a serious offence to make a false return.								
	١							
Signature Date		Telep	hone r	number				
		·						



Chart to calculate the amount of unused RRSP contributions you made after 1990 that are taxable for 2004

The chart below will help you determine whether your unused RRSP contributions are subject to tax for 2004. To determine if you have to complete the entire chart, read the instructions at the beginning of each part.

To complete a particular part, do the following: Starting with the column for the month of January, complete all the lines for that month before going on to the next month. Complete all the months in each part before going on to the next part.

Part A – Complete this part if you completed Area 2 of this return, or if you made contributions to your own or your spouse or	<u> </u>		T	1	T	1	T	T					_
common-law partner's RRSPs in 2004 and you did not and will not deduct these contributions on your 2003 or 2004 tax return.	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December	
1. For January, enter the amount from line 3 of Area 2 of this return. If you did not have to complete Area 2, enter "0" for January. For all other months, enter the amount from line 5 of the previous month.													1
2. Enter the RRSP contributions you made during the month (see Note 3 on the back of this return).													2
3. Add lines 1 and 2.													3
 Enter the RRSP and RRIF payments that you included or will include in income for 2004. Enter them in the column for the month that you received or are considered to have received them (see Note 4 on the back of this return). 													4
5. Line 3 minus line 4 (if negative, enter the amount in brackets).													5
Enter, in each column, your 2004 RRSP deduction limit without considering your 2004 net PSPA (see Note 5 on the back of this return).													6
7. Enter the total of all your pension adjustment reversals (box 2 of all your 2004 T10 slips) in each column, as long as this amount is not already included in line 6 above. Otherwise, enter "0".													7
8. Add lines 6 and 7 (if the total is negative, enter it in brackets).													8
9. Enter \$2,000 in each column if you were 19 years old or older at any time in 2004.													9
10. Add lines 8 and 9 (if the total is negative, enter it in brackets).													10
 Part B – Complete this part only if you completed Part A, you were 28 years old or older at any time in 2004, and you contributed amounts to your own or your spouse's RRSPs from January 1, 1991, to February 26, 1995, that you did not deduct on your 1990 to 2003 returns. 11. For January, enter the amount from line 7 of Area 2 of this return. If you did not have to complete Area 2, enter "0" 		1	If you deducte	ed all your RRSI	P contributions	made before F	ebruary 27, 199	95, on your 1990	to 2003 tax retu	urns, go to Par	t C.		
for January. For all other months, enter the amount from line 13 of the previous month.									-				11
12. Enter the RRSP and RRIF payments that you included or will include in income for 2004 that represent contributions you made before February 27, 1995. Enter them in the column for the month that you received or are considered to have received them (see Note 4 on the back of this return).													12
13. Line 11 minus line 12.													13
 Enter, in each column, the total contributions you made from January 1 to March 1, 2004, that you deducted on your 2003 tax return. 													14
15. Line 13 minus line 14.													15
16. If the amount on line 15 is more than zero, enter the result of line 15 minus line 10 (if negative, enter "0"). Otherwise, enter "0".													16
17. Enter the amount from line 16 or \$6,000, whichever is less.													17
Part C – Complete this part only if you completed Part A and you made mandatory contributions to a group RRSP in 2003 or 2004. Such contributions are the result of an irrevocable agreement (usually between employee and employer) which determines the percentage of your remuneration to be contributed to the group RRSP. If you made such contributions in 2003 but did not file a T1-OVP return for 2003 because your total unused RRSP contributions were not subject to tax, complete the T1-OVP return for that year to determine the amount to enter on line 19 below.		1	1	lf y	ou did not parti	cipate in a gro⊓	up RRSP in 200	03 or 2004, go to	Part D.				
 Under each month, enter the amount contributed from January 1, 2004, to the end of that month for your participation in a group RRSP, or \$15,500, whichever is less. 	<u> </u>												18
19. If you filed or completed a T1-OVP return for 2003, enter the amount from line 25 under December in Part C of that return in each column. If you did not participate in a group RRSP in 2003, enter "0" in each column.													19
20. Line 8 minus line 19 (if negative, enter "0").	<u> </u>												20
21. Line 18 minus line 20 (if negative, enter "0").													21
22. Enter the amount from line 18 or line 21, whichever is less .	<u> </u>								<u> </u>				22
23. Add lines 10 and 17.	 	1							 		+		23
24. Line 5 minus line 23 (if negative, enter "0").													24
25. Enter the amount from line 22 or line 24, whichever is less .													25
Part D – Complete this part to calculate the total amount subject to tax for each month.								_					
26. Add lines 10, 17, and 25. If you did not have to complete Part B or Part C of this chart, use "0" for the amount on line 17 or line 25, whichever applies. If the result is negative, enter "0".													26
27. Line 5 minus line 26 – This is the total amount subject to tax for the month. Add the amounts for all months and enter													27