

Commissariat à la protection de la vie privée du Canada

2009-2010 ANNUAL REPORT TO PARLIAMENT

on the Access to Information Act



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Table of Contents

Introduction	
Mandate / Mission of the OPC	
Organizational Structure	
ATIP Unit Activities	
Access to Information Act Statistical Report and Interpretation	8
Appendix A – Access to Information Act Delegation Order	
Appendix B – Discrepancies	14
Appendix C – Additional Reporting Requirements	

Introduction

The Access to Information Act (ATIA) came into effect on July 1, 1983. It provides Canadian citizens, permanent residents and any person and corporation present in Canada a right of access to information contained in government records, subject to certain specific and limited exceptions.

When the *Federal Accountability Act* received Royal Assent on December 12, 2006, the Office of the Privacy Commissioner (OPC) was added to Schedule I of the *ATIA* along with other Agents of Parliament. So, while not initially subject to the *ATIA*, the OPC became so, on April 1, 2007.

Section 72 of the *ATIA* requires that the head of every federal government institution submit an annual report to Parliament on the administration of the *Act* within their institutions during the fiscal year.

The OPC is pleased to submit its third Annual Report which describes how we fulfilled our responsibilities under the *ATIA* during the fiscal year 2009-2010.

Mandate / Mission of the OPC

The mandate of the OPC is to oversee compliance with both the *Privacy Act (PA)* which covers the personal information-handling practices of federal government departments and agencies, and the *Personal Information Protection and Electronic Documents Act (PIPEDA)*, Canada's private sector privacy law.

The OPC's mission is to protect and promote the privacy rights of individuals.

The Commissioner works independently from any other part of the government to investigate complaints from individuals with respect to the federal public sector and the private sector. In public sector matters, individuals may complain to the Commissioner about any matter specified in Section 29 of the *PA*.

For matters relating to personal information in the private sector, the Commissioner may investigate complaints under Section 11 of *PIPEDA* except in the provinces that have adopted substantially similar privacy legislation, namely Québec, British Columbia, and Alberta. Ontario now falls into this category with respect to personal health information held by health information custodians under its health sector privacy law. However, even in those provinces with substantially similar legislation, and elsewhere in Canada, *PIPEDA* continues to apply to personal information collected, used or disclosed by all federal works, undertakings and businesses, including personal information about their employees. *PIPEDA* also applies to all personal data that flows across provincial or national borders, in the course of commercial transactions involving organizations subject to *PIPEDA* or to substantially similar legislation.

The Commissioner focuses on resolving complaints through negotiation and persuasion, using mediation and conciliation if appropriate. However, if voluntary co-operation is not forthcoming, the Commissioner has the power to summon witnesses, administer oaths and compel the production of evidence. In cases that remain unresolved, particularly under *PIPEDA*, the Commissioner may take the matter to Federal Court and seek a court order to rectify the situation.

As a public advocate for the privacy rights of Canadians, the Commissioner carries out the following activities:

- Investigating complaints and issuing reports with recommendations to federal government institutions and private sector organizations to remedy situations, as appropriate;
- Pursuing legal action before Federal Courts where matters remain unresolved;
- Assessing compliance with obligations contained in the *Privacy Act* and PIPEDA through the conduct of independent audit and review activities, and publicly report on findings;
- Advising on, and review, privacy impact assessments (PIAs) of new and existing government initiatives;

- Providing legal and policy analyses and expertise to help guide Parliament's review of evolving legislation to ensure respect for individuals' right to privacy;
- Responding to inquiries of Parliamentarians, individual Canadians and organizations seeking information and guidance and taking proactive steps to inform them of emerging privacy issues;
- Promoting public awareness and compliance, and fostering understanding of privacy rights and obligations through: proactive engagement with federal government institutions, industry associations, legal community, academia, professional associations, and other stakeholders; preparation and dissemination of public education materials, positions on evolving legislation, regulations and policies, guidance documents and research findings for use by the general public, federal government institutions and private sector organizations;
- Providing legal opinions and litigate court cases to advance the interpretation and application of federal privacy laws;
- Monitoring trends in privacy practices, identify systemic privacy issues that need to be addressed by federal government institutions and private sector organizations and promoting integration of best practices; and
- Working with privacy stakeholders from other jurisdictions in Canada and on the international scene to address global privacy issues that result from ever-increasing trans-border data flows.

Organizational Structure

The Privacy Commissioner is an Officer of Parliament who reports directly to the House of Commons and the Senate. The Commissioner is assisted by two Assistant Privacy Commissioners, one responsible for matters related to the *PA* and the other responsible for those related to *PIPEDA*.

The OPC is comprised of seven distinct branches:

Investigations and Inquiries Branch

The Investigations and Inquiries (I&I) Branch investigates complaints received from individuals under Section 29 of the *PA* and Section 11 of *PIPEDA* which may include allegations of the mismanagement of personal information but which are different from incident investigations. The Branch also investigates incidents that are different from individual complaints and not filed under those provisions. These incidents come to the Branch's attention through various sources, including federal government institutions subject to the *PA* and entities subject to *PIPEDA*. The Branch also examines these occurrences in an effort to assist federal government institutions *PA* and organizations *PIPEDA* in ensuring that such incidents do not recur. The Branch is headed by Mr. Art Dunfee, Director General.

Audit and Review Branch

The Audit and Review Branch audits organizations to assess their compliance with the requirements set out in the two federal privacy laws. The Branch also analyses and provides recommendations on PIAs submitted to the OPC pursuant to the Treasury Board Secretariat Policy on PIAs. The Branch is headed by Mr. Steven Morgan, Director General.

Research, Education and Outreach Branch

The Research, Education and Outreach Branch is responsible for researching privacy and technology issues to support policy development, investigation and audit, and the public education program. The Branch administers the research program, which was launched in 2004 to support research into, and the promotion of, the protection of personal information. The Branch supports international outreach activities and stakeholder engagement activities. The Branch is headed by Mr. Colin McKay, Director.

Communications Branch

The Communications Branch focuses on providing strategic advice and support for communications and public education activities for the OPC. In addition, the Branch plans and implements public education and communications activities through media monitoring and analysis, public opinion polling, media relations, publications, special events and the OPC web site. The Branch is headed by Ms. Anne-Marie Hayden, Director.

Legal Services, Policy and Parliamentary Affairs Branch

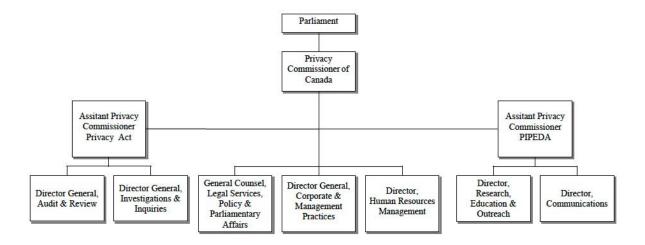
The Legal Services, Policy and Parliamentary Affairs Branch provides strategic legal and policy expertise to the OPC on emerging privacy issues in Canada and internationally. It represents the OPC in litigation before the courts both in Canada and internationally, and provides advice to the Commissioners on the interpretation and application of the *PA* and *PIPEDA*. The Branch provides expert legal support to the operational Branches of OPC, including Inquiries & Investigations and Audit & Review, as well as general legal counsel on a variety of corporate matters. It is responsible for monitoring legislative and government program initiatives, analyzing them and advising the Commissioners on appropriate policy positions to protect and advance privacy rights in Canada. The Branch prepares for and supports the office in appearances before Parliament and in relations with Parliamentarians. In 2009-2010, the Branch was headed by Ms. Lisa Campbell, Acting General Counsel.

Human Resources

Human Resources is responsible for the provision of strategic advice, management and delivery of comprehensive human resource management programs in areas such as staffing, classification, staff relations, human resource planning, learning and development, employment equity, official languages and compensation. The Branch is headed by Ms. Maureen Munhall, Director.

Corporate Services

The Corporate Services Branch provides advice and integrated administrative services such as corporate planning, resource management, financial management, information management/technology and general administration to managers and staff. The Branch is headed by Mr. Tom Pulcine, Director General and Chief Financial Officer.



The Access to Information and Privacy (ATIP) Unit falls under the Corporate Services Branch. ATIP is headed by a Director who is supported by one Senior Analyst.

Under section 73 of the *ATIA* the Privacy Commissioner, as the head of the OPC, delegated her authority to the Director General of Corporate Services and to the ATIP Director with respect to the application of the *ATIA* and its *Regulations*. A copy of that Delegation Order is attached as Appendix A.

The ATIP Director also serves as the OPC's Chief Privacy Officer.

ATIP Unit Activities

In the reporting fiscal year, 1 *ATIA* Awareness Session was given to all new OPC employees in January 2009. In all, 67 employees received the training which the Privacy Commissioner has directed be mandatory for all staff, including those working with the OPC on contract or on a temporary basis. As the OPC is a relatively small organization, additional sessions will be given on an as-needed basis.

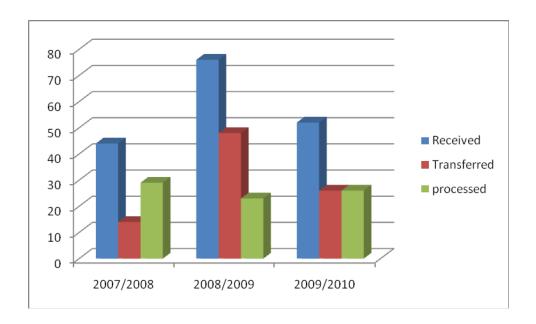
Throughout the year the ATIP Unit has been active in providing advice to all OPC staff with respect to informal requests for access to information. ATIP has also continued to support the Information Management function by providing input concerning proper information handling practices.

The ATIP Director sits on the OPC's Policy Development Committee and has played a collaborative role in the planning, development and updating of OPC policies, procedures and directives in order to ensure that the *ATIA* is respected.

Access to Information Act Statistical Report and Interpretation

The OPC's statistical Report on the Access to Information Act is attached at Appendix B.

The OPC received 52 formal requests under the *ATIA* during the fiscal year, which is 24 less than the previous year. Of those, 26 sought access to records which were not under the control of the OPC and they were therefore transferred to the appropriate federal institutions for processing. The majority of transfers were to the Citizenship and Immigration Canada, Canada Revenue Agency, Correctional Service Canada and the Royal Canadian Mounted Police.



Of the 26 requests for records under the OPC's control (a drop of 2 from the previous year), the ATIP Unit had responded to 31 requests by the end of the fiscal year—6 were carried forward from the previous fiscal year. The 31 completed requests constituted 8,175 pages of information which is roughly 4,745 more than were processed in the 2008-2009 fiscal year.

Extensions were claimed with respect to 4 requests, none of which were for more than 30 days. In all, the OPC responded to 26 requests (including 1 request were an extension was sought) within the first 30 days and 3 requests within the extended time period.

Of the 31 requests completed during the fiscal year, 9 were for the contents of *Privacy Act* or *PIPEDA* investigation files, 4 were for copies of OPC Briefing Notes, 3 were for contract and

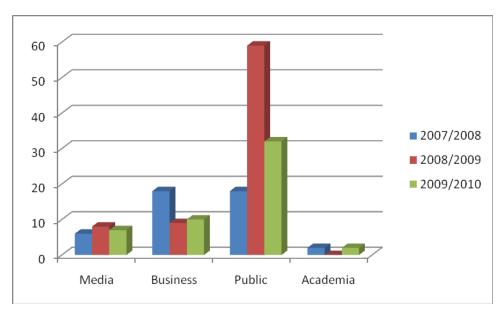
call-up information, 2 were for Privacy Public Consultations documents and the remainder were for miscellaneous information.

The OPC released all of the requested documents in 4 cases and made partial releases in 22 cases. In regards to the other requests, in two instances the response was a nil reply (no documents exist and in three cases, we were unable to process.

Section 16.1 was added to the *ATIA* as a result of the *Federal Accountability Act*. This provision requires that the OPC protect the information obtained during the course of its investigations or audits even once the matter and all related proceedings have been concluded. So, with respect to requests for access to *PA* and *PIPEDA* investigation files, none were released in their entirety—all had some information withheld under section 16.1 and, in some cases, information was withheld under one or more of sections 19(1), 21(1)(a) and 23 as well.

As was the case in the last reporting year, the exemption provision invoked most often was section 19(1) concerning the personal information of others, followed closely by section16.1 with respect to information the OPC received or created during the course of an investigation and section 23 with respect to solicitor-client information. However, in 3 cases this year the OPC also withheld information under one or more of sections 20(1)(b)(c) or (d) and sections 21(1)(a) and (b) of the *ATIA*.

Of the 52 requests received this fiscal year, 32 were submitted by the public (61.538%), 10 by businesses (19.230%), 7 by the media (13.461%) 2 academia (3.846%) and 1 by an organization.



The OPC was notified of three complaints under the *Access to Information Act* during the fiscal year compared to none last fiscal year. Findings were issued by the Information Commissioner's Office with respect to 2 complaints—one was concluded as "not substantiated" and the other was "discontinued". The third complaint is still ongoing.

In addition to processing its own *ATIA* requests, the OPC was consulted on two occasions; once by Public Safety Canada and once by the Canadian Institutes of Health and Research. In both cases, the ATIP division recommended full disclosure of the requested records.

With respect to fees, we collected the mandatory \$5.00 application fee for all requests made under the ATIA except for one requester who was requesting personal information about another individual. None of the requests required the assessment of search, preparation or computer processing time. As for reproduction costs, they amount to \$244.00.

In all cases where records were provided, paper copies were given to the individuals. No one asked to be given access by viewing the records nor did any applicants ask to receive the records in a different format i.e. CD-ROM.

For additional information on the OPC's activities, please visit www.priv.gc.ca.

Additional copies of this report may be obtained from:

Director, Access to Information and Privacy Office of the Privacy Commissioner of Canada 112 Kent Street Ottawa, ON K1A 1H3

Appendix A – Access to Information Act Delegation Order



Access to Information Act Delegation Order

The Privacy Commissioner of Canada, as the head of the government institution, hereby designates pursuant to section 73 of the *Access to Information Act*, the persons holding the positions set out below, or the persons occupying on an acting basis those positions, to exercise the powers, duties or functions of the Privacy Commissioner as specified below and as more fully described in Annex A:

Position	Sections of Access to Information Act
Director General, Corporate Services and Chief Financial Officer Director, ATIP	Act: 7(a), 8(1), 9, 11(2) to (6), 12(2) and (3), 13 to 24, 25, 26, 27(1) and (4), 28(1), (2) and (4), 29(1), 33, 35(2), 37(1) and (4), 43(1), 44(2), 52(2) and (3), 71(2), 72(1); and
	Regulations: 6(1) and 8.

Dated at the City of Ottawa, this late day of Och. , 2008

Original signed by

Jennifer Stoddart Privacy Commissioner of Canada

Access to Information Act

Respond to request for access within 30 days; give access or give notice					
Transfer of Request to government institution with greater interest					
Extend time limit for responding to request for access					
(5), (6) Additional fees					
Decide whether to translate requested record					
Decide whether to give access in an alternative format					
Shall refuse to disclose information obtained in confidence from another government					
May disclose any information referred to in 13(1) if the other government consents to the disclosure or makes the information public					
May refuse to disclose information injurious to the conduct of federal-provincial affairs					
May refuse to disclose information injurious to international affairs or defence					
Series of discretionary exemptions related to law enforcement and investigations; security; and policing services for provinces or municipalities.					
In force April 1, 2007 - Specific to four named Officers of Parliament - Auditor General, Commissioner of Official Languages, Information Commissioner and Privacy Commissioner - shall refuse to disclose information obtained or created by them in the course of an investigation or audit					
In force April 1, 2007 - Specific to two named Officers of Parliament – Information and Privacy Commissioner - shall not refuse under 16.1(1) to disclose any information created by the Commissioner in the course of an investigation or audit once the investigation or audit and related proceedings are concluded					
May refuse to disclose information which could threaten the safety of individuals					
May refuse to disclose information related to economic interests of Canada					
May refuse to disclose confidential commercial information of Canada Post Corporation, Export Development Canada, Public Sector Pension Investment Board, or VIA Rail Inc.					
Shall not refuse under 18.1(1) to disclose information relating to general administration of the institution					
Shall refuse to disclose personal information as defined in section 3 of the <i>Privacy Act</i> , but may disclose if individual consents, if information is publicly available, or disclosure is in accordance with section 8 of <i>Privacy Act</i>					
Shall refuse to disclose third party information, subject to exceptions					

21	May refuse to disclose records containing advice or recommendations
22	May refuse to disclose information relating to testing or auditing procedures
22.1	May refuse to disclose draft report of an internal audit
23	May refuse to disclose information subject to solicitor/client privilege
24	Shall refuse to disclose information where statutory prohibition (Schedule II)
25	Shall disclose any part of record that can reasonably be severed
26	May refuse to disclose where information to be published
27(1),(4)	Third party notification
28(1),(2),(4)	Receive representations of third party
29(1)	Disclosure on recommendation of Information Commissioner
33	Advise Information Commissioner of third party involvement
35(2)	Right to make representations to the Information Commissioner during an investigation
37(1)	Receive Information Commissioner's report of findings of the investigation and give notice of action taken
37(4)	Give complainant access to information after 37(1)(b) notice
43(1)	Notice to third party (application to Federal court for review)
44(2)	Notice to applicant (application to federal Court by third party)
52(2)(b)	Request that section 52 hearing be held in the National Capital Region
52(3)	Request and be given right to make representations in section 51 hearings
71(2)	Exempt information may be severed from manuals
72(1)	Prepare annual report to Parliament

Access to Information Regulations

Procedures relating to transfer of access request to another government institution under 8(1) of the Act

8 Form of Access

Appendix B – Discrepancies

Source of requests

OPC included in the source the transferred requests.

III – Exemptions invoked

Section 16.1 was invoked on 14 requests.

IX - Fees

OPC waived the \$5.00 application fee in one instance.

The application fee was waived because of the specific nature of the information requested.

X - Costs

All operating and maintenance costs are borne by other OPC Branches, eg: Human Resources (training), Information Technology (computers, printouts, etc.), Corporate Services (supplies, mailing, etc.).

Other

The OPC received and responded to 2 consultations from other government institutions.

Appendix C – Additional Reporting Requirements

Access to Information Act

In addition to the reporting requirements addressed in form TBS/SCT 350-62 "Report on the *Access to Information Act*", institutions are required to report on the following using this form:

Part III - Exemptions invoked

Section 13

Subsection 13(e) N/A

Section 14

Subsections 14(a) N/A

14(b) N/A

Part IV - Exclusions cited:

Subsection 69.1 (1) N/A



Government of Canada Gouvernement du Canada

REPORT ON THE ACCESS TO INFORMATION ACT RAPPORT CONCERNANT LA LOI SUR L'ACCÈS À L'INFORMATON

			KAIT OKT COM	JERNANT LA LOI SUNT	L ACCES A L INFORMATON
Institution Office of the Privacy Commissioner of Canada				Reporting period / Période visée pa 04/01/2009 to/à 03/31/2010	ır le rapport
Source	Media / Médias 7	Academia / Secteur universitatire 2	Business / Secteur commercial 10	Organization / Organisme	Public 32

Requests under the Access to Information Demandes en vertu de la Loi sur l'accès	
Received during reporting period / Reçues pendant la période visée par le rapport	52
Outstanding from previous period / En suspens depuis la période antérieure	6
TOTAL	58
Completed during reporting period / Traitées pendant la période visées par le rapport	57

II	Dispositon of requests completed / Disposition à l'égard des demandes trait	tées			
1.	All disclosed / Communication totale	4	6.	Unable to process / Traitement impossible	3
2.	Disclosed in part / Communication partielle	22	7.	Abandoned by applicant / Abandon de la demande	0
3.	Nothing disclosed (excluded) / Aucune communication (exclusion)	0	8.	Treated informally / Traitement non officiel	0
4.	Nothing disclosed (exempt) / Aucune communication (exemption)	0	тот	'AT	57
5.	Transferred / Transmission	26	101	AL	37

Exemptions invoked / Except	ions invoquées						
S. Art. 13(1)(a)	0	S. Art 16(1)(a)	0	S. Art. 18(b)	0	S. Art. 21(1)(a)	6
(b)	0	(b)	0	(c)	0	(b)	5
(c)	0	(c)	0	(d)	0	(c)	0
(d)	0	(d)	0	S. Art. 19(1)	15	(d)	0
S. Art. 14	0	S. Art. 16(2)	0	S. Art. 20(1)(a)	0	S. Art.22	0
S. 15(1) International rel. / Art. Relations interm.	0	S. Art. 16(3)	0	(b)	3	S. Art 23	9
Defence / Défense	0	S. Art. 17	0	(c)	2	S. Art. 24	0
Subversive activities / Activités subversives	0	S. Art. 18(a)	1	(d)	1	S. Art 26	0

Exclusions cited /Exclusions citées				
S. / Art. 68(a)	0	S. / Art. 69(1)(c)	0	
(b)	0	(d)	0	
(c)	0	(e)	0	
S. / Art. 69(1)(a)	0	(f)	0	
(b)	0	(g)	0	

52
5
0
0

VI	Extensions /Prorogations des délais						
		30 days or under / 30 jours ou moins	31 days or over / 31 jours ou plus				
Searching / Recherche		0					
Consultation		1					
Third party / Tiers		3					
TOTAL		4					

VII	Translations /Traduction				
Translations requested / Traductions demandées			0		
	nslations epared /	English to French / De l'anglais au français	0		
	ductions éparées	French to English / Du français à l'anglais	0		

VIII	Method of access /Méthode de consultation		
Copies given / Copies de l'original		26	
Examina Examen	tion / de l'original	0	
	nd examination / t examen	0	

IX Fees /Frais			
	Net fees collecte Frais net perçu		
Application fees / Frais de la demande	\$125.00	Preparation / Préparation	\$0.00
Reproduction	\$244.00	Computer processing / Traitement informatique	\$0.00
Searching / Recherche	\$0.00	TOTAL	\$369.00
Fees waived / Dispense de frais		No. of times / Nombre de fois	\$
\$25.00 or under / 25 \$ ou moins		1	\$5.00
Over \$25.00 /De plus de 25 \$		0	\$0.00
TRS/SCT 350-62 (Rev. 1999/03)		•	•

X Costs / Coûts		
Financial (all reasons Financiers (raisons))/	
Salary / Traitement	\$	83,864.00
Administration (O and M) / Administration (fonctionnement et maintien)	\$	0.00
TOTAL	\$	83,864.00
Person year utilization (all re Années-personnes utilisées		
Person year (decimal format) / Années-personnes (nombre décimal)		.9743

TBS/SCT 350-62 (Rev. 1999/03)

