

Archives of Ontario

Municipal Land Use Planning

214 Research Guide

Most Recent Update: April 2013

This research guide has information to assist you in finding Ontario government records related to municipal land use planning. You may also want to consult Research Guide 208: Records of Ontario Municipal Board Hearings.

The topics covered in this guide are:

Getting Started	2
The Evolution of Land Use Planning in Ontario	
The RecordsLegislation and Regulations	
Policy and Program Development	
Approvals	
Research	
	_
Community Planning	
Advice to Municipalities and Local Planning Authorities Urban Renewal	
Other Resources	17
Related Records	17
Words and Terms Used in Municipal Land Use Planning Committee of Adjustment	
Consents to Convey Land	18
Development Charges	18
Foodlands	18
Hazard Lands	18
Land Division Committee	18
Legal Non-Conforming Use	19
Local Improvement	19
Local Planning Board	19
Minister's Zoning Orders	19
Minor variance	19
Official Plan	19

	Ontario Municipal Board	20
	Planning Area	20
	Redevelopment Plans	20
	Restricted Area By-law	20
	Severances	21
	Subdivision	21
	Zoning by-law	21
Makin	g ContactReady and Willing	21 21
	Contact us	21
	Website	21
	Customer Service and Research Guides	21

Getting Started

The Evolution of Land Use Planning in Ontario

Land use planning prior to the First World War in Ontario originated as part of the provincial government's response to two issues:

- the growing interest in urban beautification
- increasing awareness of the impact of industrialization on housing and living conditions.

The development of industrial and residential projects in close physical proximity to each other had a negative effect on both issues.

In 1912, the government of Ontario assumed responsibility for municipal land use planning with the passage of the City and Suburban Plan Act. The act declared that municipalities must submit plans of residential or industrial subdivisions to the Ontario Railway and Municipal Board for review and approval. The act's provisions were limited to road access and the regulation of the proximity of industrial to residential areas.

In the decade following the First World War, the province expanded the Railway and Municipal Board Act. The revisions to the act differentiated between the requirements for recreational and year-round homes, and aimed to balance development between commercial and light industrial growth.

The 1930s saw little change in the government's planning role since most forms of urban development slowed during the depression.

During the final stages of the Second World War, the increasing trend toward urbanization made it necessary to develop an orderly and systematic approach to land development. In 1944, the government of Ontario created the Department of Planning and Development to plan long-term development of the province's economic and human resources. The department established the Community

Planning Branch to administer planning and urban development. The mandate was legislated under the Planning Act, 1944 and under revisions to the Ontario Municipal Board Act the same year.

Between 1944 and the early 1980s, the provincial government was active in developing and implementing urban development policies and land use planning regulations:

- The Official Plan and zoning by-laws provided orderly development within municipalities. The Official Plan outlined broad, land use guidelines while the zoning by-laws addressed specific areas of concern.
- The provincial government encouraged municipalities to establish local planning boards and committees to review proposed developments.

During the same time period, planning expanded beyond urban issues:

- The need to preserve first-rate farmland in the face of expanding suburban development led to new regulations on the subdivision of agricultural property.
- Increased interest in the environment and the preservation of ecologically significant property led to additional guidelines for land use in sensitive areas. For example, the Niagara Escarpment Commission was created to deal with developmental issues along a particularly sensitive part of the province's natural heritage.

At the provincial government level, the Ontario Municipal Board, the Department of Planning and Development and its successors (the Department of Municipal Affairs, the Ministry of Housing and the Ministry of Municipal Affairs and Housing) all shared responsibilities for administering the province-wide system.

During the latter half of the 20th century, the concept of land use planning and the rights of property owners led to frequent questioning of the process and its implications. The Ontario Municipal Board was particularly subject to criticism over its powers to overturn local planning decisions. A Select Committee of the Legislature was established in 1972. Its work led to major changes to the procedures of the Board. In 1982, significant amendments to the Planning Act and the Ontario Municipal Board Act reduced provincial involvement in the planning process.

Since 1983, the province's role in municipal land planning has declined, with responsibilities divested to local government levels. The province sets standards and provides forums, like the Ontario Municipal Board, to settle disputes in the implementation of planning decisions.

The current Ministry of Municipal Affairs and Housing (and its predecessor organizations) and the Ontario Municipal Board have handled municipal land use planning issues.

The Records

In this guide, we have arranged the records series according to the major functions they document within the planning process. There is a general description of the records for each series. Reference codes in the Archives Descriptive Database of the series are linked to their corresponding descriptions. Click here to access the Archives Descriptive Database.

In conducting your research, please note that government records at the Archives of Ontario are subject to the Freedom of Information and Protection of Privacy Act, 1990. The series descriptions in the Archives Descriptive Database have information about access restrictions related to specific records. Click here to access the Archives Descriptive Database.

Legislation and Regulations

Several provincial laws identify the roles, procedures and objectives for land use planning in Ontario. The Municipal Act, the Planning Act and the Ontario Municipal Board Act provide the framework. These acts evolved over years of significant amendments. The amendments were aimed at meeting changing objectives and to recognize the shifting roles of the provincial and municipal levels of government. The records in the following series document the ongoing amendments and interpretations of the acts.

Reference Code	Series Title	Dates
Click here to access the description for RG 19-39	Legislation Relating to Municipal Affairs and	1948-2006
	Housing	Additions to holdings expected
	This series documents all legislation related to the Ministry of Municipal Affairs and Housing, (and predecessor organizations) including local land use planning. There is a detailed finding aid for records pre-dating 1971.	охроской
	The series includes correspondence, reports and draft legislation.	
Click here to access the description for RG 19-90	Community Planning Legislation and Legal Opinions Files	1968-1998 Additions to holdings
	The series includes letters of inquiry on the legal basis, interpretation and implications of legislation to community planning, and the review	expected

Reference Code	Series Title	Dates
	of The Planning Act. It also includes legal opinions on questions submitted by planning officials to the Legal Affairs Branch on the ministry/department.	
Click here to access the description for RG 19-	Correspondence Files on the Municipal Planning Act	1972-1994 Additions to holdings
	The series includes correspondence about the Planning Act from private citizens, municipalities, and other interested parties. The correspondence is to the Cabinet minister responsible for the act, the Premier of Ontario or personnel of the branch responsible for administering the Planning Act. The series also has responses from the branch about functions that the Planning Act sets out.	expected
Click here to access the description for RG 19-152	Records Pertaining to the Review of the Planning Act The series has records that the Planning Act Review Committee and the Local Planning Policy Branch created during review of the Planning Act. Files include correspondence, proposals, minutes of meetings, published reports, studies, legislation and official guidelines, submissions and responses.	No additions to holdings expected

Policy and Program Development

The Legislative Assembly has provided the framework for planning through the various acts (see, Legislation and Regulations, above), planning implementation in Ontario depends on developing policies and programs.

Reference Code	Series Title	Dates
Reference Code Click here to access the description for RG 19- 165	Series Title Municipal Land Use Policy Development Records The records in this series document the research and development of policy and legislation to improve Ontario's planning system. Records also document the monitoring of the planning system. They include correspondence	Dates 1981-2000 Additions to holdings expected
Click here to access the description for RG 19-165	and reports. Municipal Land Use Policy Development Records The records in this series document the research and development of policy and legislation to improve Ontario's planning system. Records also document the monitoring of the planning system. They include correspondence and reports.	1990-1993 Additions to holdings expected
Click here to access the description for RG 19-170	Municipal Planning Policy Closed Committee Files The series includes files of special purpose committees established within the Municipal Planning Policy Branch. The committees were responsible for reviewing specific policy options	1987-1990 Additions to holdings expected

Reference Code	Series Title	Dates
	related to local planning.	
	Records include	
	correspondence, minutes	
	and related reports.	

Approvals

Since planning became a provincial responsibility in 1912, the nature and complexity of regulations have increased. The two primary approval authorities have been:

- the Ministry of Municipal Affairs and Housing
- the Ontario Municipal Board.

From the early 1970s, approvals of large-scale environmental assessment studies have also played a major part in the planning process.

The provincial government's involvement in municipal land use planning was based on two perceptions:

- the traditional perception that local governments lacked the necessary expertise to develop effective systems
- the broader public interest is better served through provincial review of local decisions that otherwise might reflect a narrower scope or outlook.

Reference Code	Series Title	Dates
Click here to access the description for RG 19-82	Minister's Zoning Orders and Amendments Files	1970-1998
	When municipalities lack official plans, the Minister responsible for the Planning Act can issue orders to establish zoning control over sensitive areas.	Additions to holdings expected
	The files include original applications, related correspondence and copies of approvals or denials issued.	
Click here to access the description for RG 19-83	Municipal Subdivision Files	1944-1966
	The records document the review of subdivision plans submitted to the minister. The files include applications,	Additions to holdings expected

Reference Code	Series Title	Dates
	correspondence and reports on problems associated with specific projects.	
Click here to access the description for RG 19-86	Adopted Municipal Plans Working Files	1944-1998
	The records document the discussions between local planning officials and government planners in developing final versions of official plans that meet both local requirements and provincial planning guidelines and regulations.	No additions to holdings expected
	The files include copies of official plan by-laws approved by the municipality, correspondence between the two levels of government, outside planners and other provincial government ministries regarding the compliance of the proposed plan with overall planning objectives. The final versions of the plans are found in RG 19-87.	
Click here to access the description for RG 19-87	Municipal Official Plans and Amendments Approved by the Minister	1945-2004 Additions to holdings expected
	These files document the approval of official plans that municipalities submitted to institute municipal-wide planning controls. Records include drafts submitted by municipalities, correspondence and copies of approval letters signed by the responsible	

Reference Code	Series Title	Dates
	cabinet minister.	
Click here to access the	Minister of Municipal	1974-1980
description for RG 19- 163	Affairs Consent to Convey Lands Files When municipalities lack Land Division Committees or Committees of Adjustment, the minister has the power to issue orders to authorize land severances or other subdivision proposals. The files include original	Additions to holdings expected
	applications to the ministry to request consent orders, related correspondence, and copies of orders or refusals issued under the name of the minister.	
Click here to access the description for RG 37-6	Ontario Municipal Board Applications and Appeals Files The Municipal Board has the power to hear appeals on a wide variety of planning issues. For details, see Research Guide 208: Records of Ontario Municipal Board	1925-1993 Additions to holdings expected
Daggarah	Hearings.	

Research

The Ministry of Municipal Affairs and Housing sponsors research for many planning areas including recreational land use, subdivision controls and official plans.

Reference Code	Series Title	Dates
Click here to access the	Community Planning,	1946-1976
description for RG 19-61	Research and Special	
	Studies File	No additions to holdings expected
	The records in this series	
	include correspondence,	
	studies, reports, and	
	photographs related to	

Reference Code	Series Title	Dates
	planning and	
	implementation of major	
	local studies conducted	
	by the provincial	
	government. The series	
	includes material related	
	to regional studies of	
	population and	
	employment distribution	
	and trends in land use.	
	There is also significant	
	material related to the	
	Metropolitan Toronto and	
	Region Transportation	
	Study (MTARTS).	
	MTARTS reviewed urban	
	development and	
	transportation needs in	
	the Greater Toronto area.	
	Records include	
	correspondence, copies	
	of reports and related	
	documentation.	
Click here to access the	Records of Studies,	1965-1993
description for RG 19-	Committees and Task	
<u>104</u>	Forces Relating to Local	Additions to holdings
	Planning	expected
	The series consists of	
	subject files of studies	
	and projects on local	
	planning undertaken by	
	the Office of Local	
	Planning Policy and its	
	predecessors. Study	
	titles include Urban	
	Recreational Open	
	Space, Non-conforming	
	Use, and Subdivision and	
	Development	
Click here to access the	Agreements. Flood Plan Criteria and	1974-1979
Click here to access the description for RG 19-	Management Evaluation	1314-1313
167	Study Records	No additions to holdings
101	Clady Notolias	expected
	The series consists of	CAPECIEU
	correspondence, reports	
	_	
	and steering committee minutes related to the work of the Flood Plan	

Reference Code	Series Title	Dates
	Criteria and Management	
	Evaluation Study,	
	undertaken by the Local	
	Planning Policy Branch.	
	A study conducted jointly	
	by the Ministry of	
	Housing and the Ministry	
	of Natural Resources	
	developed strategies to	
	reduce economic losses	
	and improve public safety	
	in flood-prone areas.	
	The final report provided	
	guidelines to	
	municipalities and	
	government agencies	
	related to the	
	determination of flood	
	lines.	

Community Planning

In addition to developing planning ideas and related tools, the Ministry of Municipal Affairs and Housing has also been involved in the development of new communities. The role developed from mining and other resource extraction projects in northern Ontario and from the emergence of new communities in the southern part of the province (e.g., the Seaton community in Pickering and Townsend on Lake Erie).

Reference Code	Series Title	Dates
Click here to access the description for RG	New Townsite Planning and Development Files	1954-1978
<u>19-63</u>		No additions to
	The Community Planning Branch accumulated or created these records that relate to the development of new towns in Ontario. Although the branch normally provided advice to municipalities on matters such as planning organization, official plans, zoning, and subdivision design, in some cases the branch developed the plans directly. The records document the planning process for services delivery like road access, sewage, water, and electricity.	holdings expected

Reference Code	Series Title	Dates
Click here to access	Haldimand Norfolk Community	1968-1975
the description for RG	Planning Files	
19-64	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	No additions to
10 0 1	The files document the	holdings expected
	establishment of the Regional	Troidings expedied
	Municipality of Haldimand-	
	Norfolk and long-term residential	
	and industrial development	
	policy arising from the Nanticoke	
	industrial expansion in the late	
	1960s and early 1970s.	
	Records include	
	correspondence and reports	
	documenting the development	
	of community planning in the	
Olivate to a section of	Nanticoke planned community.	4074 4005
Click here to access	North Pickering Planning and	1971-1995
the description for RG	Development Files	A LPC (. L . LP
<u>19-166</u>		Additions to holdings
	The records document the	expected
	management of lands that the	
	Province of Ontario acquired to	
	develop the community of	
	Seaton in North Pickering. It	
	documents the land assembly	
	process, the design of the	
	community and the public	
	consultation process	
	surrounding amenities and	
	services. Records include	
	correspondence and reports	
	relating to the development of	
	the Seaton community in North	
	Pickering.	
Click here to access	Townsend Community Planning	1976-1984
the description for RG	Records	
<u>43-27</u>		No additions to
	The series includes	holdings expected
	correspondence of the	
	Townsend Community	
	Development Program (and its	
	successor within the Ontario	
	Land Corporation), the	
	Townsend Community and	
	Western Region Branch, and	
	other Ministry of Housing	
	offices, the Regional	
	Municipality of Haldimand-	
	Norfolk, the City of Nanticoke,	
	consultants, and Ministry of	

Reference Code	Series Title	Dates
	Energy, Environment and	
	Transportation/Communications.	
	Correspondence pertains to the	
	development of roads, sewers,	
	bridges, etc., in the Townsend	
	community project.	

Advice to Municipalities and Local Planning Authorities

As noted above (Approvals), much of the provincial government's planning role was based on a perception that local governments had limited expertise. Over the years the government of Ontario, in conjunction with private organizations such as the Ontario Professional Planners Institute, worked with municipalities to develop planning instruments and train staff in planning principles. The records series in this section document provincial government initiatives to improve planning at the local level.

Reference Code	Series Title	Dates
Click here to access the	Community Planning	1944-1990
description for RG 19-77	Correspondence Files	
		Additions to holdings
	The records relate to	expected
	local community planning	
	and provincial approvals	
	under the Planning Act.	
	The records consist of	
	correspondence, memos, zoning decisions,	
	redevelopment	
	agreements, local by-	
	laws of towns and	
	villages and minutes of a	
	few small municipalities'	
	planning committee	
	meetings.	
Click here to access the	Community Planning	1972-1993
description for RG 19-91	Study Grant Program	
	Files	Additions to holdings
		expected
	The records document	
	the administration and	
	operation of a provincial	
	program to fund local	
	planning studies and to improve the level of	
	planning expertise within	
	municipalities. The	
	funding was for	
	municipalities with	
		<u> </u>

Reference Code	Series Title	Dates
	populations of less than	
	60,000. Records include	
	correspondence and	
	reports documenting	
	financial aid to local	
	communities and copies	
	of final reports issued by	
	the planning study.	
Click here to access the	Community Planning	1974-1981
description for RG 19-94	Provincial Projects Files	
		No additions to holdings
	The records consist of	expected
	correspondence,	
	progress reports and	
	meeting summaries	
	related to the	
	establishment of	
	provincial policies,	
	procedures, and	
	guidelines for community	
	planning programs under	
	The Planning Act.	
Click here to access the	Municipal Community	1946-2002
description for RG 19-95	Planning Files	
		Additions to holdings
	This series documents	expected
	the provision of financial	
	and technical assistance	
	to improve local planning	
	by the various branches	
	responsible for this	
	function within the	
	Ontario government.	
	Records include draft	
	minutes, agendas, and	
	correspondence within	
	the Ontario government	
	and with municipalities	
	and other interested	
Click hard to access the	parties. Northeastern Ontario	1950-1975
Click here to access the		1900-1975
description for RG 19-	Planning Project Files	No additions to holdings
100	The records in this series	No additions to holdings
	consist of	expected
	correspondence,	
	clippings, and copies of	
	recommended plans that	
	relate to assistance given	
	to local planners in	
	io iocai piaririers III	

Reference Code	Series Title	Dates
	northeastern Ontario.	
	The files deal with	
	procedural problems and	
	technical assistance in	
	the preparation of official	
	plans, amendments to	
	official plans, and zoning	
	by-laws. The files	
	originated with the	
	Sudbury office and	
	ministries responsible for	
	the oversight of local	
	planning. Some files also	
	contain photographs.	
Click here to access the	Northwestern Ontario	1950-1983
description for RG 19-	Planning Project Files	
<u>102</u>		No additions to holdings
	The files relate to	expected
	municipal planning in	
	Northwestern Ontario.	
	The records include	
	copies of draft plans for	
	subdivisions; applications	
	for consents,	
	subdivisions and	
	condominiums; notices of	
	applications to the	
	Ontario Municipal Board;	
	correspondence with the Plans Administration	
	Division, municipal staff,	
	other ministries,	
	developers and other	
	concerned parties. The	
	records were generated	
	by the Northwest	
	Regional Field Office	
	(Thunder Bay) of the	
	Community Planning	
	Branch and irs	
	successors.	

Urban Renewal

Sometimes, urban renewal programs are due to the negative impact of past planning decisions and practices. For instance, the zoning of suburban shopping malls resulted in the decline of many city centres as business moved away from traditional commercial areas. Today, industrial and warehouse districts face pressures to convert to uses more compatible with surrounding residential areas.

Reference Code	Series Title	Dates
Click here to access the	Records of the	1969-1970
description for RG 19-65	Maintenance of Property	
	Study	No additions to holdings
		expected
	The records are from the	
	Department of Municipal	
	Affairs' study that	
	investigated the	
	adequacy of legislation	
	under which	
	municipalities establish	
	minimum standards for	
	the maintenance and	
	occupancy of property in	
	Ontario. The study was	
	to propose policies and	
	programs to overcome	
	deficiencies, including	
	amendments to The	
	Planning Act. Records include correspondence	
	and draft policy	
	documents with related	
	minutes.	
Click here to access the	Urban Renewal Program	1959-1989
description for RG 19-69	Files	
		Additions to holdings
	The files document	expected
	Ministry of Municipal	
	Affairs and Housing	
	renewal programs.	
	Planning and	
	implementation of	
	schemes focused on	
	select urban problems	
	across the province such	
	as decayed downtown	
Click hard to access the	areas or industrial zones.	1992-1993
Click here to access the description for RG 19-	Main Street Revitalization Loan Program Files	1332-1333
172	Loan rogiani riles	Additions to holdings
112	The series consists of	expected
	copies of	
	correspondence	
	prepared for signature by	
	the Minister of Municipal	
	Affairs, financial and	
	statistical reports, copies	

Reference Code	Series Title	Dates
	of agreements,	
	applications for funds,	
	and accompanying	
	correspondence related	
	to the revitalization of	
	municipally owned lands	
	and buildings.	

Other Resources

For a good overview of the planning process in Ontario today, <u>click here to</u> access the Ministry of Municipal Affairs and Housing website.

The following resources are available in the Library of the Archives of Ontario.

- For commentary and opinion on the planning process as a practical issue for municipalities, see the magazine *Municipal World*, published in St. Thomas, Ontario. This magazine has been produced continuously since 1891. It is a standard source of information for municipal officials in interpreting planning regulations. For information about the magazine, including a comprehensive index of articles from 1966 to 2003, click here to access the Municipal World magazine website.
- Chipman, John George. A Law Unto Itself: How The Ontario Municipal Board Has Developed And Applied Land Use Planning Policy.
 Ottawa: Institute of Public Administration of Canada, c2002.
- Commission on Planning and Development Reform in Ontario; Sewell, John, 1940 [et al]. New Planning For Ontario: Final Report Summary & Recommendations. Toronto: The Commission, 1993.
- For other material relating to the planning process, search the Library of the Archives of Ontario BIBLiON database:

The Urban Affairs Library, a collection of the Toronto Reference Library, has an extensive collection of books and periodicals relating to the planning process. It is located at Metro Hall in Toronto. Contact information:

Toronto Reference Library
789 Yonge Street
Toronto ON M4W 2G8
416-395-5577
Click here to access the Toronto Public Library website

Related Records

In addition to the Ministry of Municipal Affairs and Housing, a number of other Ontario government ministries have records on municipal land use planning. Search the Archives Descriptive Database (advanced option "Find Records Creators" for information about these ministries and their records. Please note

that the lists of records series are comprehensive and not limited to land use planning.

- The Department of Lands and Forests and its successor, the Ministry of Natural Resources, examines land use in relation to parks and conservation areas.
- The Ministry of Environment plays a role in assessing land use and its impact on the environment, particularly water and air quality.
- Due to increasing traffic demands, the Ministry of Transportation has interests in the development of road systems within and between municipalities.

Words and Terms Used in Municipal Land Use Planning

Committee of Adjustment

A Committee of Adjustment is a planning committee established at the level of a township, town, village, city or county/region. The committees examine requests to make changes to properties or buildings in partial violation of existing planning by-laws and to negotiate agreements between neighbours over conflicts in these matters. Decisions by Committees of Adjustment may be appealed to the Ontario Municipal Board.

Consents to Convey Land

Consents to Convey Land are orders issued by the Minister of Municipal Affairs and his/her predecessors on the subdivision of lands in areas that have not yet established Land Division Committees. The Planning Act gives the minister the authority to issue such orders. Such orders may be appealed to the Ontario Municipal Board.

Development Charges

Development Charges are charges that municipalities levy on new subdivisions or other projects to help pay for services like schools and water/sewage facilities.

Foodlands

Foodlands is a term that the Government of Ontario uses to describe prime agricultural regions subject to special development controls.

Hazard Lands

Hazard lands are ravines or shorelines subject to special development controls due to the threat of flooding or serious erosion.

Land Division Committee

A Land Division Committee is a planning committee established at the level of a separated city, county, or region to review applications for land severances restricted under local zoning and other land use controls. Land Division Committees' decisions may be appealed to the Ontario Municipal Board.

Legal Non-Conforming Use

Legal Non-Conforming use refers to a prohibited business that existed within the area of land use control before there was a prohibition against it. Zoning by-laws can prohibit a particular land use in specific areas but prohibitions do not apply to existing businesses operating in the restricted areas.

Local Improvement

Local improvement refers to money spent for new or renovated facilities like roads, sidewalks, water and sewage works. Generally, Ontario Municipal Board approval is required to spend money on these types of projects.

Local Planning Board

Local Planning Boards are established at the municipal level to study proposals for zoning by-laws, official plans, amendments and other planning instruments. The boards make recommendations to municipal councils about a proposal's feasibility or desirability. In many municipalities, the Local Planning Board may approve specific planning matters that have received general approval through zoning by-laws or official plans. Local Planning Board decisions may be appealed to the Ontario Municipal Board.

Minister's Zoning Orders

Minister's Zoning Orders control land uses. Under the Planning Act, the Minister of Municipal Affairs and Housing can issue temporary zoning orders to control land uses in municipalities that have not yet established comprehensive land use plans. These orders may be appealed to the Ontario Municipal Board.

Minor variance

A minor variance is an application from a property owner to the municipal government for permission to make a change to the property that would contravene an existing zoning by-law. All municipalities are required to have zoning by-laws controlling matters like densities, lot frontage and free space between buildings. Property owners can apply to the municipal government for a permit that recognizes that a proposed change to their property is a minor variance of the zoning by-law and not a violation of its intent. If the application is rejected, the applicant may appeal to the Ontario Municipal Board. If the application is accepted, neighbours who object to the plan may appeal to the Ontario Municipal Board. See also Committee of Adjustment (above).

Official Plan

Under the Planning Act, all municipalities must prepare an Official Plan to establish overall land use planning regulations for the area. The Minister of Municipal Affairs and Housing approves these plans. Individuals, corporations, and lower tier municipalities may object to the plan through the Ontario Municipal Board. If a proposed plan is particularly complicated or contentious, the Ministry of Municipal Affairs and Housing often submits it to the Ontario Municipal Board. Amendments to existing Official Plans are generally referred to the Ontario Municipal Board for review.

Ontario Municipal Board

The Ontario Municipal Board (OMB) is an independent administrative tribunal responsible for hearing appeals and deciding on a variety of contentious municipal matters.

The Ontario Municipal Board is similar to a court of law, but with less formality. Board members are appointed by the Ontario Cabinet and include lawyers, accountants, architects, planners and public administrators. The Ontario Municipal Board operates under the Ontario Municipal Board Act, as well as its own rules of practice and procedure. It reports administratively to the Ministry of the Attorney General. Click here to access the Ontario Municipal Board website for more information.

Planning Area

The Planning Act permits the creation of planning areas that extend beyond municipal boundaries. The objective is to ensure consistent planning decisions among municipalities that share common interests. Planning areas can range in size from two adjoining townships to the level of a region or county.

Redevelopment Plans

Redevelopment plans are municipal tools to promote improvements in downtown core areas, industrial lands or other under-utilized areas. Ontario Municipal Board approval is required for any capital expenditures (spending) or zoning changes due to the redevelopment plan.

Restricted Area By-law

A restricted area by-law is a mechanism that municipalities use to expand on the general provisions that are in the Official Plan for the area. The municipality applies the intent of the official plan to a particular "restricted area" of the municipality. Generally, a restricted area by-law is used to supplement controls dealing with the expansion of commercial and industrial operations into agricultural or residential areas. Until 1983, Ontario Municipal Board approval was required for all restricted area by-laws. After 1983, the Ontario Municipal Board only heard appeals that residents or businesses affected by the by-law initiated.

Severances

Severances deal with the sub-division of lots. Land Division Committees decide on most severances. However, disputes about farm lots or large rural estates that the owners wish to subdivide for family use often come before the Ontario Municipal Board.

Subdivision

A subdivision is a proposal for the division of a lot or portion of a lot into a group of smaller residential, commercial or industrial lots.

Zoning by-law

See Restricted Area By-law (above).

Making Contact

Ready and Willing

Although unable to do your municipal land use planning research for you, our reference archivists are waiting to assist you. You may telephone or write to them by mail or email or — best of all — visit the Archives of Ontario.

Contact us

Telephone: 416-327-1600 Toll free (Ontario): 1-800-668-9933

Fax: 416-327-1999

Email: Click here to send an email to the Archives of Ontario
Address: Archives of Ontario, 134 Ian Macdonald Blvd., Toronto, ON

Archives of Officiato, 134 Ian Macdonald Bivd., Toronto, Or

M7A 2C5

Website

For information about the Archives' holdings, as well as access to research guides and other customer service materials available through the Archives of Ontario, click here to access the Archives of Ontario website.

Customer Service and Research Guides

The Archives of Ontario has published a series of in-depth research guides on a variety of specific topics. For more information, please see "Research Guides and Tools" under "Accessing Our Collection" on the home page of the Archives website.

© Queen's Printer for Ontario, 2009

This information is provided as a public service. Although we endeavour to ensure that the information is as current and accurate as possible, errors do

occasionally occur. Therefore, we cannot guarantee the accuracy of the information. Readers should where possible verify the information before acting on it.